0056000

ENGINEERING CHANGE NOTICE

Page 1 of 2

1. ECN 670910

Proj. ECN

2. ECN Category (mark one)	3. Originator's Name, Organization, MSIN, and Telephone No.	4. USQ Required?	5. Date
Supplemental ☐	B. M. Hanlon, Inventory & Flowsheet Eng. R3-72, 373-2053	☐ Yes ☒ No	10/25/01
Direct Revision ☒			
Change ECN ☐			
Temporary ☐			
Standby ☐			
Supersedure ☐			
Cancel/Void ☐			

6. Project Title/No./Work Order No.	7. Bldg./Sys./Fac. No.	8. Approval Designator
Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending September 30, 2001	N/A	N/A
9. Document Numbers Changed by this ECN (includes sheet no. and rev.)	**10. Related ECN No(s).**	**11. Related PO No.**
HNF-EP-0182, Rev. 161	N/A	N/A

12a. Modification Work	12b. Work Package No.	12c. Modification Work Completed	12d. Restored to Original Condition (Temp. or Standby ECNs only)
☐ Yes (fill out Blk. 12b) ☒ No (NA Blks. 12b, 12c, 12d)	N/A	N/A Design Authority/Cog. Engineer Signature & Date	N/A Design Authority/Cog. Engineer Signature & Date

13a. Description of Change

13b. Design Baseline Document? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Complete revision

RECEIVED
DEC 18 2001
EDMC

Computer generated:

File: \\AP001\CHGCONTROL\HNF-EP-0182

Size: 3.70MB (3,886,592 bytes)

Modified: ~~Thursday, October 25, 2001 9:49:13AM~~ TUESDAY, November 6, 2001, 3:06:56 pm

14a. Justification (mark one)	14b. Justification Details
Criteria Change ☐	This ECN is being generated to update waste tank farm summary information.
Design Improvement ☐	
Environmental ☐	
Facility Deactivation ☐	
As-Found ☐	
Facilitate Const. ☐	
Const. Error/Omission ☐	
Design Error/Omission ☐	

15. Distribution (include name, MSIN, and no. of copies)

Distribution list attached following document

Also: Electronic copy to John Vann only

RELEASE STAMP

DATE: NOV 07 2001
STA: 4
HANFORD RELEASE
ID: 2

ENGINEERING CHANGE NOTICE

1. ECN (use no. from pg. 1): 670910

16. Design Verification Required	17. Cost Impact		18. Schedule Impact (days)
	ENGINEERING	CONSTRUCTION	
☐ Yes	Additional ☐ $ _____	Additional ☐ $ _____	Improvement ☐ _____
☒ No	Savings ☐ $ _____	Savings ☐ $ _____	Delay ☐ _____

19. Change Impact Review: Indicate the related documents (other than the engineering documents identified on Side 1) that will be affected by the change described in Block 13. Enter the affected document number in Block 20.

SDD/DD	☐	Seismic/Stress Analysis	☐	Tank Calibration Manual	☐
Functional Design Criteria	☐	Stress/Design Report	☐	Health Physics Procedure	☐
Operating Specification	☐	Interface Control Drawing	☐	Spares Multiple Unit Listing	☐
Criticality Specification	☐	Calibration Procedure	☐	Test Procedures/Specification	☐
Conceptual Design Report	☐	Installation Procedure	☐	Component Index	☐
Equipment Spec.	☐	Maintenance Procedure	☐	ASME Coded Item	☐
Const. Spec.	☐	Engineering Procedure	☐	Human Factor Consideration	☐
Procurement Spec.	☐	Operating Instruction	☐	Computer Software	☐
Vendor Information	☐	Operating Procedure	☐	Electric Circuit Schedule	☐
OM Manual	☐	Operational Safety Requirement	☐	ICRS Procedure	☐
FSAR/SAR	☐	IEFD Drawing	☐	Process Control Manual/Plan	☐
Safety Equipment List	☐	Cell Arrangement Drawing	☐	Process Flow Chart	☐
Radiation Work Permit	☐	Essential Material Specification	☐	Purchase Requisition	☐
Environmental Impact Statement	☐	Fac. Proc. Samp. Schedule	☐	Tickler File	☐
Environmental Report	☐	Inspection Plan	☐	_____	☐
Environmental Permit	☐	Inventory Adjustment Request	☐	_____	☐

20. Other Affected Documents: (NOTE: Documents listed below will not be revised by this ECN.) Signatures below indicate that the signing organization has been notified of other affected documents listed below.

Document Number/Revision	Document Number/Revision	Document Number/Revision
N/A		

21. Approvals

	Signature	Date		Signature	Date
Design Authority			Design Agent		
Cog. Eng. B.M. Hanlon	B.M. Hanlon	10/25/01	PE		
Cog. Mgr. N.W. Kirch	N.W. Kirch	11/6/01	QA		
QA			Safety		
Safety			Design		
Environ.			Environ.		
Other			Other		

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Signature or a Control Number that tracks the Approval Signature

ADDITIONAL

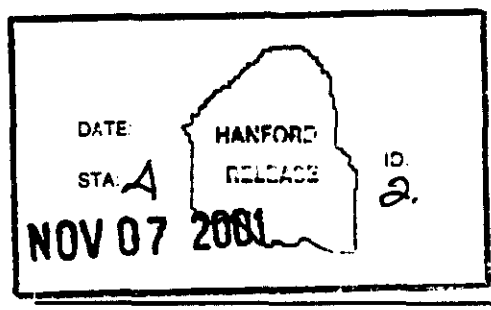
WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT FOR MONTH ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2001

BM HANLON
CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.
Richland, WA 99352
U.S. Department of Energy Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

EDT/ECN: ECN-670910 UC:
Cost Center: Charge Code:
B&R Code: Total Pages: 74

Key Words: REPORT, WASTE TANK SUMMARY

Abstract: See page iii of document



11-06-01
Release Approval Date Release Stamp

Approved For Public Release

RECORD OF REVISION

(1) Document Number: HNF-EP-0182

(2) Title: WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT FOR MONTH ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2001

Change Control Record

(3) Revision	(4) Description of Change - Replace, Add, and Delete Pages	Authorized for Release	
		(5) Cog. Engr.	(6) Cog. Mgr. Date
153	(7) EDT-631372	BM Hanlon	JS Garfield
RS 162	Incorporation of ECN-670910	BM Hanlon	NW Kirch 11/6/01

A-7320-005 (10/97)

Waste Tank Summary Report for Month Ending September 30, 2001

B. M. Hanlon
CH2M HILL Hanford Group, Inc.

Date Published
October 2001

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy
Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management

CH2MHILL
Hanford Group, Inc.

P. O. Box 1500
Richland, Washington

Contractor for the U.S. Department of Energy
Office of River Protection under Contract DE-AC27-99RL14047

WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT

B. M. Hanlon

ABSTRACT

This report is the official inventory for radioactive waste stored in underground tanks in the 200 Areas at the Hanford Site. Data that depict the status of stored radioactive waste and tank vessel integrity are contained within the report. This report provides data on each of the existing 177 large underground waste storage tanks and 63 smaller miscellaneous underground storage tanks and special surveillance facilities, and supplemental information regarding tank surveillance anomalies and ongoing investigations. This report is intended to meet the requirement of U. S. Department of Energy-Richland Operations Office Order 435.1 (DOE-RL, July 1999, Radioactive Waste Management, U. S. Department of Energy-Richland Operations Office, Richland, Washington) requiring the reporting of waste inventories and space utilization for Hanford Tank Farm tanks.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

METRIC CONVERSION CHART		
1 inch	=	2.54 centimeters
1 foot	=	30.48 centimeters
1 gallon	=	3.79 liters
1 ton	=	0.91 metric tons

$$°F = \left(\frac{9}{5}°C\right) + 32$$

1 Btu/h = 0.2931 watts
(International Table)

WASTE TANK SUMMARY REPORT
For Month Ending September 30, 2001

Note: Changes from the previous month are in **bold print**.

I. WASTE TANK STATUS

Double-Shell Tanks	28 double-shell	10/86
Single-Shell Tanks	149 single-shell	1966
Assumed Leaker Tanks	67 single-shell	07/93
Sound Tanks	28 double-shell 82 single-shell	1986 07/93
Interim Stabilized Tanks[a] (IS)	129 single-shell	06/01
Not Interim Stabilized[b]	20 single-shell	06/01
Isolated -Intrusion Prevention Completed (IP)	108 single-shell	09/96
Controlled, Clean, and Stable[c] (CCS)	36 single-shell	09/96
Misc. Underground Storage Tanks and Special Surveillance Facilities (Active)	10 Tanks East Area 7 Tanks West Area	03/01 (AX-152)
Misc. Underground Storage Tanks and Special Surveillance Facilities (Inactive)	19 Tanks East Area 27 Tanks West Area	03/01 (AX-152)

[a] Of the 129 tanks classified as Interim Stabilized, 65 are listed as Assumed Leakers. (See Table B-5)

[b] Two of these tanks are Assumed Leakers (BY-105, BY-106). (See Table B-5)

[c] The TY tank farm was officially declared Controlled, Clean, and Stable (CCS) in March 1996. The TX tank farm and BX tank farms were declared CCS in September 1996.

II. WASTE TANK INVESTIGATIONS

This section includes all single- or double-shell tanks or catch tanks which are showing surface level or interstitial liquid level (ILL) decreases, or drywell radiation level increases in excess of established criteria.

A. Assumed Leakers or Assumed Re-leakers: (See Appendix D for definition of "Re-leaker")

This section includes all single- or double-shell tanks or catch tanks for which an off-normal or unusual occurrence report has been issued, or for which a waste tank investigation is in progress, for assumed leaks or re-leaks. Tanks/catch tanks will remain on this list until either a) completion of Interim Stabilization, b) the updated occurrence report indicates that the tank/catch tank is not an assumed leaker, or c) the investigation is completed.

B. Tanks with increases indicating possible intrusion:

This section includes all single-shell tanks and related receiver tanks for which the surveillance data show that the surface level or ILL has met or exceeded the increase criteria, or are still being investigated.

Candidate Intrusion List: Surveillance data for following tanks indicate possible intrusions.

Tank 241-B-202
Tank 241-BX-101
Tank 241-BX-103
Tank 241-BY-103

The surveillance data were last reviewed on the tanks listed as having probable liquid intrusions: Memo 74B20-99-045, dated November 22, 1999. **Documentation is being prepared which will remove some or all of the tanks from the Candidate Intrusion List; expected completion of this documentation is November 30, 2001.**

III. SURVEILLANCE AND WASTE TANK STATUS HIGHLIGHTS

A. Single-Shell Tanks Saltwell Jet Pumping (See Table B-1 footnotes for further information)

Tank 241-A-101 - Pumping began May 6, 2000. No pumping has occurred since August 2000; a total of 14.1 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in May 2000.

Tank 241-AX-101 - Pumping began July 29, 2000. No pumping between August 2000 and March 2001; pumping began again on March 22, 2001. Pumping was shut down on April 3, 2001, due to a transfer line failure. A total of 21.7 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in July 2000.

Tank 241-BY-105 – Pumping began July 11, 2001. During July, a total of 8.8 Kgallons was pumped from this tank. Pumping was halted in August 2001 due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the Technical Safety Requirements. Compensatory actions have been established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314, "Tank Farm Upgrades," has taken the primary transfer route out of service. Pumping will resume when the alternative route is established.

Tank 241-BY-106 – Pumping was restarted July 11, 2001. Pumping originally started in August 1995 and was halted in October 1995 due to a USQ evaluation for flammable gas concerns. A total of 70.0 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in August 1995. Pumping was halted in August 2001 due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the Technical Safety Requirements. Compensatory actions have been established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314,

"Tank Farm Upgrades," has taken the primary transfer route out of service. Pumping will resume when the alternative route is established.

Tank 241-S-102 - Pumping problems forced many shutdowns. The pump was replaced and pumping resumed on February 19, 2000. Problems with the new pump forced a shutdown on March 23, 2000. Pumping was interrupted in early June 2000. Pumping was shut down due to equipment failure; the lower piping needs to be replaced. No pumping has occurred since June 2000; a total of 56.8 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in March 1999.

Tank 241-SX-101 - Pumping began November 22, 2000. The pump failed on December 9, 2000, and pumping was shut down. **Pumping resumed in September 2001, following replacement of the saltwell pump and lower piping. During September 2001, a total of 3.3 Kgallons was pumped; a total of 22.5 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in November 2000.**

Tank 241-SX-103 - Pumping began October 26, 2000. Pumping was shut down on April 22, 2001 due to leak detector and subsequent shielding problems in the pump pit. **Pumping resumed on September 14, 2001. During September 2001, a total of 6.5 Kgallons was pumped; a total of 122.8 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in October 2000.**

Tank 241-SX-105 - Pumping began August 8, 2000. Pumping was shut down in late April 2001 when the saltwell screen in-flow rate was measured at approximately 0.02 GPM. This tank is being evaluated to determine if it can be declared interim stabilized. A total of 152.6 Kgallons has been pumped since the start of pumping in August 2000.

Tank 241-U-102 - Pumping began January 20, 2000. **During September 2001, a total of 200 gallons was pumped; a total of 86.5 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in January 2000. This tank has been placed in observation mode to evaluate for interim stabilization.**

Tank 241-U-107 – **Pumping began September 29, 2001. In September 2001, although 546 gallons of fluid was removed from the tank, there was a net removal of 0 Kgallons because 891 gallons of water was added by pump priming/equipment flushes.**

Tank 241-U-109 - Pumping began March 11, 2000. The saltwell pump was replaced following its failure in December 2000, and pumping was restarted March 30, 2001. **During September 2001, a total of 100 gallons was pumped; a total of 78.4 Kgallons has been pumped from this tank since the start of pumping in March 2000. This tank has been placed in observation mode to evaluate for interim stabilization.**

B. Changes to this Report

Table B-1. Inventory and Status by Tank – Single-Shell Tanks: Volumes are not being shown in the Supernatant, Interstitial Liquid Remaining, Drainable Liquid Remaining, and Pumpable Liquid Remaining columns for those tanks undergoing Interim Stabilization. Volume information for these tanks is shown in the footnotes section of Table B-1.

APPENDIX A

DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

MONTHLY SUMMARY TABLES

TABLE A-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

TANK	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	EQUIVALENT WASTE INCHES	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	AVAIL. SPACE (1) (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SUPERNATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SLUDGE (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SALTCAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	PHOTOS/VIDEOS: LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	PHOTOS/VIDEOS: LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
AN TANK FARM STATUS												
AN-101	SOUND	DRCVR	92.0	253	887	253	0	0	06/30/99			
AN-102	SOUND	CWHT	393.8	1083	57	994	0	89	06/30/99			
AN-103	SOUND	CWHT	348.4	958	182	499	0	459	06/30/99	10/29/87		
AN-104	SOUND	CWHT	382.9	1053	87	608	0	445	06/30/99	08/19/88		
AN-105	SOUND	CWHT	409.8	1127	13	635	0	492	06/30/99	01/26/88		
AN-106	SOUND	CWHT	13.8	38	1102	21	0	17	06/30/99			
AN-107	SOUND	CWHT	378.2	1040	100	793	0	247	06/30/99	09/01/88		
7 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		5552	2428	3803	0	1749				
AP TANK FARM STATUS												
AP-101	SOUND	DRCVR	405.1	1114	26	1114	0	0	05/01/89			
AP-102	SOUND	DRCVR	396.0	1089	51	1089	0	0	07/11/89			
AP-103	SOUND	DRCVR	102.5	282	858	282	0	0	05/31/96			
AP-104	SOUND	DRCVR	402.9	1108	32	1108	0	0	10/13/88			
AP-105	SOUND	CWHT	412.4	1134	6	1045	0	89	06/30/99		09/27/95	
AP-106	SOUND	DRCVR	225.8	621	519	621	0	0	10/13/88			
AP-107	SOUND	DRCVR	356.0	979	161	979	0	0	10/13/88			
AP-108	SOUND	DRCVR	97.8	269	871	269	0	0	10/13/88			
8 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		6596	2524	6507	0	89				
AW TANK FARM STATUS												
AW-101	SOUND	CWHT	410.2	1128	12	740	0	388	10/31/00	03/17/88		
AW-102	SOUND	EVFD	34.2	94	1046	64	30	0	01/31/01	02/02/83		
AW-103	SOUND	DRCVR	400.7	1102	38	789	273	40	06/30/99			
AW-104	SOUND	DRCVR	114.9	316	824	93	66	157	06/30/99	02/02/83		
AW-105	SOUND	DRCVR	154.9	426	714	171	255	0	06/30/99			
AW-106	SOUND	SRCVR	107.6	296	844	57	0	239	06/30/99	02/02/83		
6 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		3362	3478	1914	624	824				

TABLE A-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

TANK	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	EQUIVALENT WASTE INCHES	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	AVAIL. SPACE (1) (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SUPERNATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SLUDGE (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SALTCAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	PHOTOS/VIDEOS: LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	PHOTOS/VIDEOS: LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
AY TANK FARM STATUS												
AY-101	SOUND	DRCVR	65.8	181	799	85	96	0	06/30/99	12/28/82		
AY-102	SOUND	DRCVR	227.3	625	355	441	184	0	10/31/00	04/28/81		
2 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		806	1154	526	280	0				
AZ TANK FARM STATUS												
AZ-101	SOUND	CWHT	346.5	953	27	901	52	0	06/30/99	06/18/83		
AZ-102	SOUND	DRCVR	362.5	997	0	892	105	0	06/30/99	10/24/84		
2 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		1950	27	1793	157	0				
SY TANK FARM STATUS												
SY-101	SOUND	CWHT	352.4	969	171	694	0	275	06/30/99	04/12/89		
SY-102	SOUND	DRCVR	344.0	946	194	875	71	0	06/30/99	04/28/81		
SY-103	SOUND	CWHT	270.2	743	397	401	0	342	06/30/99	10/01/85		
3 DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS		TOTALS:		2658	762	1970	71	617				
GRAND TOTAL				20924	10373	16513	1132	3279				

Note: +/- 1 Kgal differences are the result of computer rounding

Available Space Calculations Used in this Docume	
Tank Farms	(Most Conservative)
AN, AP, AW, SY	1,140 Kgal (414.5 in.
AY, AZ (Aging Waste)	980 Kgal (356.4 in.

NOTE: Supernatant + Sludge (includes liquid) + Saltcake (includes liquid) = Total Was

(1) Available Space volumes include restricted space

TABLE A-2. SUMMARY OF WASTE TRANSACTIONS IN THE DOUBLE-SHELL TANK (DST) SYSTEM

September 30, 2001

All volumes in Kilo-Gallons (Kgals)

- The DST system received waste additions from SST pumping, Caustic addition, and miscellaneous water in September.
- There was a net change of +56,000 gallons in the DST system for September.
- The total DST inventory as of September 30, 2001 was 20.924 million gallons.
- There were 0 Kgals of Saltwell Liquid (SWL) pumped to the East Area DSTs (AN-101) in September.
- There were ~32 Kgals of SWL (10 Kgals SWL + 23 Kgals water) pumped to the West Area DSTs (SY-102) in September.
- The SWL numbers are preliminary and are subject to change once the System Engineers do a validation; the volumes reported contai contain the actual waste volume plus any water added for dilution and transfer line flushes.
- There were 25,606 gallons of NaOH (caustic @ 50 wt%) and 1,187 gallons of flush water added to Tank AN-102 in September.
- Previously, individual raw water addition >/= 250 gallons were reported; from now on all raw water additions will be tracked and if a storage tank receives an accumulative monthly total of raw water >/= 250 gallons, that volume will be reported.

SEPTEMBER 2001 DST WASTE RECEIPTS

FACILITY GENERATIONS		OTHER GAINS ASSOCIATED WITH		OTHER LOSSES ASSOCIATED WITH	
SWL (West)	+33 Kgal (2SY)	SLURRY	+3 Kgal	SLURRY	-2 Kgal
NaOH (caustic)	+27 Kgal (2AN)	CONDENSATE	+0 Kgal	CONDENSATE	-8 Kgal
Tank Farms	+5 Kgal (2AW,2AN)	INSTRUMENTATION	+0 Kgal	INSTRUMENTATION	-0 Kgal
TOTAL	+65 Kgal	UNKNOWN	+1 Kgal	UNKNOWN	-3 Kgal
		TOTAL=	+4 Kgal	TOTAL=	-13 Kgal

PROJECTED VERSUS ACTUAL WASTE VOLUMES

	ACTUAL DST WASTE RECEIPTS	PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS (1)	MISC. DST CHANGES (+/-)	PROJECTED WVR (1)	NET DST CHANGE	TOTAL DST VOLUME
OCT00	222	155	-24	0	198	20653
NOV00	261	262	-14	0	247	20900
DEC00	139	300	-1	0	138	21038
JAN01	113	397	-25	0	88	21126
FEB01	100	303	-19	0	81	21207
MAR01	100	-283	2	-684	-580	20627
APR01	74	321	-13	0	61	20688
MAY01	25	302	4	0	29	20717
JUN01	33	334	-7	0	26	20743
JUL01	82	296	8	0	90	20833
AUG01	40	289	-5	0	35	20868
SEP01	65	282	-9	0	56	20924

(1): The "PROJECTED DST WASTE RECEIPTS" and "WVR" numbers were updated in November 2000, the projected volumes will be updated as new and/or more accurate information is obtained. The projected volumes are the most current available, as supplied by cognizant System engineers.

242-A Evaporator Waste Volume Reduction:	
Campaign 94-1 (04/15/94 - 06/13/94)	-2417
Campaign 94-2 (09/22/94 - 11/18/94)	-2787
Campaign 95-1 (06/09/95 - 07/26/95)	-2161
Campaign 96-1 (05/07/96 - 05/25/96)	-1117
Campaign 97-1 (03/24/97 - 04/02/97)	-351
Campaign 97-2 (09/16/97 - 09/30/97)	-653
Campaign 99-1 (07/24/99 - 08/15/99)	-818
Campaign 00-1 (04/20/00 - 05/05/00)	-682
Campaign 01-1 (03/13/01 - 03/27/01)	-682
Total waste reduction (WVR) since restart on 4/15/94	-11668

Table A-3. Double-Shell Tank Space Usage and Inventory by Waste Type

September 30, 2001

TOTAL AVAILABLE DST SPACE	
NON-AGING =	27360
AGING =	3920
TOTAL=	31280

MONTHLY INVENTORY CHANGE	
INVENTORY- 8/31/01	20868
INVENTORY- 9/30/01	20924
CHANGE =	56

Tank Space Usage

TANK SPACE CHANGE	
08/01 TANK SPACE	10429
09/01 TANK SPACE	10373
CHANGE =	-56

OPERATIONAL SPACE	
AN-101 =	887
AP-108 =	871
AW-102 =	1046
AW-105 =	714
AW-106 =	844
SY-102 =	194
TOTAL =	4556

RESTRICTED SPACE	
AN-102 =	57
AN-103 =	182
AN-104 =	87
AN-105 =	13
AN-107 =	100
AP-102 =	51
AW-101 =	12
AZ-101 =	27
AZ-102 =	0
SY-101 =	171
SY-103 =	397
TOTAL =	1097

NON-ALLOCATED SPACE	
AN-106 =	1102
AP-101 =	26
AP-103 =	858
AP-104 =	32
AP-105 =	0
AP-106 =	519
AP-107 =	161
AW-103 =	38
AW-104 =	824
AY-101 =	799
AY-102b=	356
TOTAL =	4720
EMERGENCY SPACE	-1140
LAW or HLW RETURN	-1140
REMAINING SPACE	2440

Inventory Calculation by Waste Type:

DILUTE SUPERNATE (DN)	
AN-101 =	253
AP-108 =	269
AW-102 =	64
AW-104 =	93
AW-105 =	171
AY-102 =	441
TOTAL DN =	1291
TOTAL SOLIDS =	692

SLURRY SUPERNATE (DSS/DSSF)	
AN-103 =	499
AN-104 =	606
AN-105 =	635
AP-101 =	1114
AP-105 =	1045
AW-101 =	740
AW-103 =	789
AW-106 =	57
TOTAL DSS/DSSF=	5487
TOTAL SOLIDS =	2425

PHOSPHATE SUPERNATE (CP)	
TOTAL CP (AP-102)=	1089

COMPLEXED SUPERNATE (DC/CC)	
AN-102 =	994
AN-105 =	21
AN-107 =	793
AP-103 =	282
AP-104 =	1108
AP-106 =	621
AP-107 =	979
AY-101 =	85
SY-101 =	894
SY-102 =	875
SY-103 =	401
TOTAL DC/CC =	6853
TOTAL SOLIDS =	1137

AGING SUPERNATE (AW	
AZ-101 =	901
AZ-102 =	892
TOTAL AW =	1793
TOTAL SOLIDS =	157

GRAND TOTALS	
DILUTE SUPERNATE (DN/DC) =	3766
SLURRY (DSS/DSSF) =	5487
CONCENTRATED COMPLEXED (CC) =	4378
CONCENTRATED PHOSPHATE (CP) =	1089
AGING SUPERNATE (AW) =	1793
DST SOLIDS (SL/SC) =	4411
TOTAL =	20924

TABLE A-4. DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS

28 TANKS (Sheet 1 of 2)

September 30, 2001

There were no Double-Shell Tanks Out of Compliance (O/C) this month.

NOTE:
Dome Elevation Surveys are not required for DSTs
Psychrometrics and in-tank photos/videos are taken "as needed" - no psychrometrics are currently being taken

LEGEND:	
O/C	= Noncompliance with applicable documentation
O/S	= Out of Service
FIC/ENRAF M.T.	= Surface level measurement devices
OSD	= OSD-T-151-0007, OSD-T-151-00031
None	= no M.T., FIC or ENRAF installed
W.F.	= Weight Factor
N/A	= Not Applicable (not monitored or no monitoring schedule)
Rad.	= Radiation

The following table indicates Double-Shell Monitoring devices which were Out of Service as of the last day of this month.

Tank Number	Temperature Readings (1) (OSD)	Surface Level Readings (2) (OSD)			Radiation Readings		
					Leak Detection Pits (3) (OSD)		Annulus (OSD)
		M.T.	FIC	ENRAF	W.F.	Rad. (4)	
AN-101			None			N/A	
AN-102			None			N/A	
AN-103			None			N/A	
AN-104		O/S	None			N/A	
AN-105		O/S	None			N/A	
AN-106			None			N/A	
AN-107			None		O/S	N/A	
AP-101		O/S	None		O/S (5)	N/A	O/S (6)
AP-102			None		O/S (5)	N/A	
AP-103			None		O/S (5)	N/A	O/S (6)
AP-104		O/S	None		O/S (5)	N/A	
AP-105			None		O/S (5)	N/A	
AP-106			None		O/S (5)	N/A	
AP-107			None		O/S (5)	N/A	O/S
AP-108			None		O/S (5)	N/A	
AW-101		O/S	None			N/A	
AW-102						N/A	
AW-103			None			N/A	
AW-104			None			N/A	
AW-105			None			N/A	
AW-106			None			N/A	
AY-101			None			N/A	O/S (7)
AY-102		O/S	None			N/A	O/S (7)
AZ-101			None			N/A	O/S
AZ-102			None			N/A	O/S
SY-101		None	None		O/S (8)	N/A	O/S (9)
SY-102		O/S (10)	None			N/A	O/S (9)
SY-103		O/S (10)	None		O/S (8)	N/A	

AW-102 has an M.T., FIC, and ENRAF. The FIC is scheduled to be removed.

TABLE A-4. DOUBLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS - 28 TANKS
(Sheet 2 of 2)

Footnotes:

1. The OSD-T-151-0007 specifies double-shell tank temperature limits, gradients, etc.

2. Some double-shell tanks have both an FIC and a manual tape (M.T.) which is used when the FIC is out of service. Noncompliance [Out of Compliance (O/C] will be shown when no readings are obtained. ENRAF gauges (ENRAF is a trademark of the ENRAF Corporation, Houston, Texas) are being installed to replace the FICs. The ENRAF gauges are being connected to Temperature Monitor and Control System (TMACS), but some are currently being read manually.

3. The applicable OSD and HNF-IP-0842, latest revisions, are used as guidelines for monitoring Leak Detection Pits (LDP). See also (4) and (5) below.

4. USQ TF-97-0038, dated April 28, 1997, specifies discontinuing the use of leak detection pit radiation monitoring equipment in all double-shell tank farms where the leak detection pits are used as tertiary leak detection. This applies to all double-shell tank farms.

5. Leak Detection Pit (LDP) weekly readings are being obtained by Instrument Technicians for the following:
   AP-103C (for tanks AP-101 - 104)
   AP-105C (for tanks AP-105 - 108)

6. AP-101 and -103 annulus CAMs failed the monthly inspections and source checks (TF-OPS-012) during August 2001.

7. AY-101 and -102 annulus - The return line was venting inside the CAM cabinet; a new return line will be installed.

8. SY-101 - LDP readings are above normal range.
   SY-103 - LDP readings are above normal range.

9. SY-101 and SY-102 - two annulus leak detectors in SY farm are out of service due to excessive nuisance alarms. The ENRAF gauges are believed to be overly sensitive; a buffer will be installed between the gauge and the annunciator panel. This modification is expected to be completed in September 2001. Daily readings are being obtained manually on temporary operator rounds for annulus leak detectors SY-101-WSTA-LDT-152 and -153, (-151 is O/S); and for SY-102-WSTA-LDT-151 and -153, (-152 is O/S).

10. SY-102 - Manual Tape has sporadic readings. The ENRAF is the primary device.
    SY-103 - Manual Tape has sporadic readings. The ENRAF is the primary device.

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APPENDIX B

SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

MONTHLY SUMMARY TABLES

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements.
See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	WASTE VOLUMES: SUPERNATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	PHOTOS/VIDEOS: LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
A TANK FARM STATUS															
A-101	SOUND	/PI	877	(a)	(a)	0.0	14.1	(a)	(a)	3	380	09/30/99	06/21/85		(a)
A-102	SOUND	IS/PI	41	4	8	0.0	39.5	12	4	15	22	07/27/89	07/20/89		
A-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	371	5	45	0.0	111.0	50	43	366	0	06/03/88	12/28/88		
A-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	28	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	28	0	01/27/78	06/25/86		
A-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	37	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	37	0	10/31/00	06/20/86		
A-106	SOUND	IS/IP	125	0	9	0.0	0.0	9	1	125	0	09/07/82	06/19/86		
6 TANKS - TOTALS			1479							574	402				
AX TANK FARM STATUS															
AX-101	SOUND	/PI	662	(b)	(b)	0.0	21.7	(b)	(b)	3	295	09/30/99	06/18/87		(b)
AX-102	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	30	0	7	0.0	13.0	7	0	7	23	06/30/99	06/05/89		
AX-103	SOUND	IS/IP	112	0	23	0.0	0.0	23	11	6	104	06/30/99	06/13/87		
AX-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	8	0	1	0.0	0.0	1	0	6	0	06/30/99	06/18/87		
4 TANKS - TOTALS			812							26	422				
B TANK FARM STATUS															
B-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	113	0	24	0.0	0.0	24	17	0	113	06/30/99	05/19/83		
B-102	SOUND	IS/IP	32	4	7	0.0	0.0	11	4	0	28	06/30/99	06/22/85		
B-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	59	0	11	0.0	0.0	11	3	0	59	06/30/99	10/13/88		
B-104	SOUND	IS/IP	371	1	45	0.0	0.0	46	42	309	61	06/30/99	10/13/88		
B-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	158	0	20	0.0	0.0	20	16	28	130	06/30/99	05/19/88		
B-106	SOUND	IS/IP	117	1	25	0.0	0.0	26	19	0	116	02/29/00	02/28/85		
B-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	165	1	22	0.0	0.0	23	19	93	71	06/30/99	02/28/85		
B-108	SOUND	IS/IP	94	0	15	0.0	0.0	15	11	53	41	06/30/99	05/10/85		
B-109	SOUND	IS/IP	127	0	21	0.0	0.0	21	17	63	64	06/30/99	04/02/85		
B-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	246	1	27	0.0	0.0	28	20	245	0	02/28/85	03/17/88		
B-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	237	1	23	0.0	0.0	24	29	236	0	06/28/85	06/26/85		
B-112	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	33	3	4	0.0	0.0	7	3	30	0	05/31/85	05/29/85		
B-201	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	29	1	4	0.0	0.0	5	1	28	0	04/28/82	11/12/86	06/23/95	
B-202	SOUND	IS/IP	27	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	27	0	05/31/85	05/29/85	06/15/95	
B-203	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	51	1	5	0.0	0.0	6	1	50	0	05/31/84	11/13/86		
B-204	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	50	1	5	0.0	0.0	6	1	49	0	05/31/84	10/22/87		
16 TANKS - TOTALS			1909							1211	683				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

				WASTE VOLUMES									PHOTOS/VIDEOS		
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER-NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
BX TANK FARM STATUS															
BX-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	43	1	4	0.0	0.0	5	1	42	0	04/28/82	11/24/88	11/10/94	
BX-102	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	96	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	96	0	04/28/82	09/18/85		
BX-103	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	71	9	4	0.0	0.0	13	9	62	0	11/29/83	10/31/86	10/27/94	
BX-104	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	93	3	4	0.0	17.4	7	3	90	0	02/29/00	09/21/89		
BX-105	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	51	5	4	0.0	15.0	9	5	46	0	06/30/99	10/23/86		
BX-106	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	38	0	4	0.0	14.0	4	0	38	0	08/01/95	05/19/88	07/17/95	
BX-107	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	345	1	36	0.0	23.1	37	33	344	0	09/18/90	09/11/90		
BX-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	26	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	26	0	07/31/79	05/05/94		
BX-109	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	193	0	25	0.0	8.2	25	20	193	0	09/17/90	09/11/90		
BX-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	207	3	28	0.0	1.5	31	26	133	71	06/30/99	07/15/94	10/13/94	
BX-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	162	1	5	0.0	116.9	6	2	25	136	06/30/99	05/19/94	02/28/95	
BX-112	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	165	1	9	0.0	4.1	10	7	164	0	09/17/90	09/11/90		
12 TANKS - TOTALS			1490							1259	207				
BY TANK FARM STATUS															
BY-101	SOUND	IS/IP	387	0	28	0.0	36.8	28	24	109	278	06/30/84	09/19/89		
BY-102	SOUND	IS/PI	277	0	40	0.0	159.0	40	33	0	277	06/01/95	09/11/87	04/11/95	
BY-103	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	400	0	58	0.0	95.9	58	53	9	391	06/30/99	09/07/89	02/24/97	
BY-104	SOUND	IS/IP	326	0	40	0.0	329.5	40	36	150	176	06/30/99	04/27/83		
BY-105	ASMD LKR	/PI	494	(c)	(c)	0.0	8.8	(c)	(c)	48	446	07/31/01	07/01/86		(c)
BY-106	ASMD LKR	/PI	556	(d)	(d)	0.0	70.0	(d)	(d)	84	472	07/31/01	11/04/82		(d)
BY-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	266	0	39	0.0	56.4	39	35	40	226	06/30/99	10/15/86		
BY-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	228	0	33	0.0	27.5	33	26	154	74	04/28/82	10/15/86		
BY-109	SOUND	IS/PI	290	0	31	0.0	157.1	31	26	57	233	07/08/87	06/18/97		
BY-110	SOUND	IS/IP	398	0	21	0.0	213.3	21	17	103	295	09/10/79	07/26/84		
BY-111	SOUND	IS/IP	459	0	14	0.0	313.2	14	6	0	459	06/30/99	10/31/86		
BY-112	SOUND	IS/IP	291	0	24	0.0	116.4	24	12	0	291	06/30/99	04/14/88		
12 TANKS - TOTALS			4372							754	3618				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

				WASTE VOLUMES									PHOTOS/VIDEOS		
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER-NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
C TANK FARM STATUS															
C-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	88	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	88	0	11/29/83	11/17/87		
C-102	SOUND	IS/IP	316	0	62	0.0	46.7	62	55	316	0	09/30/95	05/18/76	08/24/95	
C-103	SOUND	/PI	198	79	18	0.0	0.0	97	83	119	0	12/31/96	07/28/87		
C-104	SOUND	IS/IP	263	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	263	0	02/01/00	07/25/90		
C-105	SOUND	IS/PI	132	0	20	0.0	0.0	20	0	132	0	02/29/00	08/05/94	08/30/95	
C-106	SOUND	/PI	48	42	0	0.0	0.0	42	9	6	0	10/31/99	08/05/94	08/08/94	
C-107	SOUND	IS/IP	257	0	30	0.0	40.8	30	25	257	0	06/30/99	00/00/00		
C-108	SOUND	IS/IP	66	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	66	0	02/24/84	12/05/74	11/17/94	
C-109	SOUND	IS/IP	66	4	4	0.0	0.0	8	4	62	0	11/29/83	01/30/76		
C-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	178	1	37	0.0	15.5	38	30	177	0	06/14/95	08/12/86	05/23/95	
C-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	57	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	57	0	04/28/82	02/25/70	02/02/95	
C-112	SOUND	IS/IP	104	0	6	0.0	0.0	6	1	104	0	09/18/90	09/18/90		
C-201	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	2	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	2	0	03/31/82	12/02/86		
C-202	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	1	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	1	0	01/19/79	12/09/86		
C-203	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	5	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	5	0	04/28/82	12/09/86		
C-204	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	3	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	3	0	04/28/82	12/09/86		
16 TANKS - TOTALS			1784							1658	0				
S TANK FARM STATUS															
S-101	SOUND	/PI	427	12	83	0.0	0.0	95	80	211	204	12/31/98	03/18/88		
S-102	SOUND	/PI	492	(e)	(e)	0.0	56.8	(e)	(e)	105	387	05/31/00	03/18/88		(e)
S-103	SOUND	IS/PI	237	1	45	0.0	23.9	46	39	9	227	04/30/00	06/01/89	01/28/00	
S-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	294	1	34	0.0	0.0	35	31	293	0	12/20/84	12/12/84		
S-105	SOUND	IS/IP	456	0	42	0.0	114.3	42	33	2	454	09/26/88	04/12/89		
S-106	SOUND	IS/PI	455	0	26	0.0	203.6	26	2	0	455	02/28/01	03/17/89	01/28/00	
S-107	SOUND	/PI	376	14	61	0.0	0.0	75	61	293	69	06/30/99	03/12/87		
S-108	SOUND	IS/PI	432	0	0	0.0	199.8	0	0	5	427	10/01/99	03/12/87	12/03/96	
S-109	SOUND	IS/PI	533	0	16	0.0	34.0	16	12	13	520	06/30/01	12/31/98		
S-110	SOUND	IS/PI	390	0	30	0.0	203.1	30	27	131	259	05/14/92	03/12/87	12/11/96	
S-111	SOUND	/PI	501	48	82	0.0	3.3	130	97	116	337	09/30/99	08/10/89		
S-112	SOUND	/PI	523	0	81	0.0	125.1	81	70	6	517	12/31/98	03/24/87		
12 TANKS - TOTALS			5116							1184	3856				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements
See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

			WASTE VOLUMES									PHOTOS/VIDEOS		
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER-NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
SX TANK FARM STATUS															
SX-101	SOUND	/PI	426	(f)	(f)	3.3	22.5	(f)	(f)	0	426	09/30/01	03/10/89		(f)
SX-102	SOUND	/PI	514	134	95	0.0	0.0	229	216	0	380	04/30/00	01/07/88		
SX-103	SOUND	/PI	511	(g)	(g)	6.5	122.6	(g)	(g)	109	402	09/30/01	12/17/87		(g)
SX-104	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	446	0	48	0.0	231.3	48	44	136	310	04/30/00	09/06/88	02/04/98	
SX-105	SOUND	/PI	484	(h)	(h)	0.0	152.6	(h)	(h)	65	419	04/30/01	06/15/88		(h)
SX-106	SOUND	IS/PI	397	0	37	0.0	147.5	37	31	0	397	05/31/99	06/01/89		
SX-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	102	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	85	17	10/31/00	03/06/87		
SX-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	87	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	87	0	12/31/93	03/06/87		
SX-109	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	249	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	60	189	10/31/00	05/21/86		
SX-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	62	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	62	0	10/06/76	02/20/87		
SX-111	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	122	0	8	0.0	0.0	8	3	122	0	06/30/99	06/09/94		
SX-112	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	108	0	6	0.0	0.0	6	1	108	0	06/30/99	03/10/87		
SX-113	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	31	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	31	0	06/30/99	03/18/88		
SX-114	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	165	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	44	121	10/31/00	02/26/87		
SX-115	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	12	0	04/28/82	03/31/88		
15 TANKS - TOTALS:			3716							921	2661				
T TANK FARM STATUS															
T-101	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	102	1	20	0.0	26.3	21	16	37	64	06/30/99	04/07/93		
T-102	SOUND	IS/IP	32	13	3	0.0	0.0	16	11	19	0	08/31/84	06/28/89		
T-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	27	4	3	0.0	0.0	7	3	23	0	11/29/83	07/03/84		
T-104	SOUND	IS/PI	317	0	31	0.0	149.5	31	27	317	0	12/31/99	06/29/89	10/07/99	
T-105	SOUND	IS/IP	98	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	0	98	0	05/29/87	05/14/87		
T-106	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	21	2	0	0.0	0.0	2	2	19	0	04/28/82	06/29/89		
T-107	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	173	0	34	0.0	11.0	34	20	173	0	05/31/96	07/12/84	05/09/96	
T-108	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	44	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	0	21	23	06/30/99	07/17/84		

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

				WASTE VOLUMES									PHOTOS/VIDEO		
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER-NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIA LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
T-109	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	58	0	10	0.0	0.0	10	3	0	58	06/30/99	02/25/93		
T-110	SOUND	IS/PI	369	1	48	0.0	50.3	48	43	368	0	01/31/00	07/12/84	10/07/99	
T-111	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	446	0	38	0.0	9.6	38	35	446	0	04/18/94	04/13/94	02/13/95	
T-112	SOUND	IS/IP	67	7	4	0.0	0.0	11	7	60	0	04/28/82	08/01/84		
T-201	SOUND	IS/IP	29	1	4	0.0	0.0	5	1	28	0	05/31/78	04/15/86		
T-202	SOUND	IS/IP	21	0	3	0.0	0.0	3	0	21	0	07/12/81	07/06/89		
T-203	SOUND	IS/IP	35	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	0	35	0	01/31/78	08/03/89		
T-204	SOUND	IS/IP	38	0	5	0.0	0.0	5	0	38	0	07/22/81	08/03/89		
16 TANKS - TOTALS			1877							1703	145				
							TX TANK FARM STATUS								
TX-101	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	87	3	8	0.0	0.0	11	7	74	10	06/30/99	10/24/85		
TX-102	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	217	0	27	0.0	94.4	27	16	0	217	06/31/84	10/31/85		
TX-103	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	157	0	18	0.0	68.3	18	11	0	157	06/30/99	10/31/85		
TX-104	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	65	5	9	0.0	3.6	14	9	23	37	06/30/99	10/16/84		
TX-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	609	0	25	0.0	121.5	25	14	0	609	06/22/77	10/24/89		
TX-106	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	341	0	37	0.0	134.6	37	30	0	341	06/30/99	10/31/85		
TX-107	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	36	1	6	0.0	0.0	7	1	8	27	06/30/99	10/31/85		
TX-108	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	134	0	8	0.0	13.7	8	1	6	128	06/30/99	09/12/89		
TX-109	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	384	0	6	0.0	72.3	6	2	384	0	06/30/99	10/24/89		
TX-110	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	462	0	14	0.0	115.1	14	10	37	425	06/30/99	10/24/89		
TX-111	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	370	0	10	0.0	98.4	10	6	43	327	06/30/99	09/12/89		
TX-112	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	649	0	26	0.0	94.0	26	21	0	649	05/30/83	11/19/87		
TX-113	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	653	0	30	0.0	19.2	30	0	0	653	10/31/00	04/11/83	09/23/94	
TX-114	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	535	0	17	0.0	104.3	17	11	4	531	06/30/99	04/11/83	02/17/95	
TX-115	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	568	0	25	0.0	99.1	25	15	0	568	06/30/99	06/15/88		
TX-116	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	631	0	21	0.0	23.8	21	17	68	563	06/30/99	10/17/89		
TX-117	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	626	0	10	0.0	54.3	10	5	29	597	06/30/99	04/11/83		
TX-118	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	286	0	0	0.0	89.1	0	0	21	265	02/01/00	12/19/79		
18 TANKS - TOTALS			6810							697	6104				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK - SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements
See footnotes for information on tanks in process of Interim Stabilization

				WASTE VOLUMES									PHOTOS/VIDEOS		
TANK NO.	TANK INTEGRITY	TANK STATUS	TOTAL WASTE (Kgal)	SUPER-NATANT LIQUID (Kgal)	DRAINABLE INTERSTITIAL LIQUID (Kgal)	PUMPED THIS MONTH (Kgal)	TOTAL PUMPED (Kgal)	DRAINABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	PUMPABLE LIQUID REMAINING (Kgal)	SLUDGE (Kgal)	SALT CAKE (Kgal)	SOLIDS VOLUME UPDATE	LAST IN-TANK PHOTO	LAST IN-TANK VIDEO	SEE FOOTNOTES FOR THESE CHANGES
TY TANK FARM STATUS															
TY-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	118	0	2	0.0	6.2	2	0	72	46	06/30/99	06/22/89		
TY-102	SOUND	IS/IP/CCS	64	0	12	0.0	6.6	12	5	0	64	06/26/82	07/07/87		
TY-103	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	162	0	20	0.0	11.5	20	16	162	0	07/09/82	06/22/89		
TY-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	43	0	4	0.0	0.0	4	0	43	0	06/27/90	11/03/87		
TY-105	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	231	0	12	0.0	3.6	12	10	231	0	04/26/82	09/07/89		
TY-106	ASMD LKR	IS/IP/CCS	21	0	3	0.0	0.0	3	0	21	0	06/30/99	06/22/89		
6 TANKS - TOTALS			639							529	110				
U TANK FARM STATUS															
U-101	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	25	3	3	0.0	0.0	6	2	22	0	04/26/82	06/19/79		
U-102	SOUND	/PI	269	(l)	(l)	0.2	86.3	(l)	(l)	43	246	06/31/01	06/06/89		(l)
U-103	SOUND	IS/PI	418	1	33	0.0	98.9	34	28	13	404	05/31/00	09/13/88		
U-104	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	122	0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0	79	43	06/30/99	06/10/89		
U-105	SOUND	IS/PI	353	0	44	0.0	87.5	44	32	32	321	03/31/01	07/07/88		
U-106	SOUND	IS/PI	172	2	36	0.0	39.1	38	30	0	170	03/31/01	07/07/88		
U-107	SOUND	/PI	406	(j)	(j)	0.0	0.0	(j)	(j)	15	360	12/31/98	10/27/88		(j)
U-108	SOUND	/PI	468	24	108	0.0	0.0	132	124	29	415	12/31/98	09/12/84		
U-109	SOUND	/PI	387	(k)	(k)	0.1	78.4	(k)	(k)	35	352	06/31/01	07/07/88		(k)
U-110	ASMD LKR	IS/PI	186	0	18	0.0	0.0	18	14	186	0	12/30/84	12/11/84		
U-111	SOUND	/PI	329	0	80	0.0	0.0	80	71	26	303	12/31/98	06/23/88		
U-112	ASMD LKR	IS/IP	49	4	4	0.0	0.0	8	4	45	0	02/10/84	06/03/89		
U-201	SOUND	IS/IP	5	1	1	0.0	0.0	2	1	4	0	06/15/79	06/06/89		
U-202	SOUND	IS/IP	5	1	1	0.0	0.0	2	1	4	0	06/15/79	06/06/89		
U-203	SOUND	IS/IP	3	1	0	0.0	0.0	1	1	2	0	06/15/79	06/13/89		
U-204	SOUND	IS/IP	3	1	0	0.0	0.0	1	1	2	0	06/15/79	06/13/89		
16 TANKS - TOTALS			3222							537	2614				
GRAND TOTAL			33226							11053	20822				

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

FOOTNOTES:

Total Waste is calculated as the sum of Sludge and Saltcake plus Supernatant. The category "Interim Isolated (II)" was changed to Intrusion Prevention (IP) in June 1993. Stabilization information is from WHC-SD-RE-TI-178, "SST Stabilization Record," latest revision, or from SST Stabilization or the System Engineer.

Porosity values are 25% for saltcake and 15% for sludge, per HNF-2978, Rev. 1, "Updated Pumpable Liquid Volume Estimates and Jet Pump Durations for Interim Stabilization of Remaining Single-Shell Tanks," September 1999, with the exception of those tanks which have been interim stabilized and the porosities recalculated.

(a) A-101 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 588.5 Kgal
Pumping began on May 6, 2000. No pumping since August 2000. It is expected pumping will resume in October 2001.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.
Total Waste: 877.0 Kgal
Supernatant: 494.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 95.0 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 14.1 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 590.0 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 574.0 Kgal
Sludge: 3.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 380.0 Kgal

(b) AX-101 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 444.0 Kgal
Pumping began July 29, 2000; shut down in August 2000, and resumed March 22, 2001. Pumping shut down April 3, 2001 due to transfer line failure. No pumping since April 2001. It is expected pumping will resume in October 2001. Remaining volumes are based on the original estimated volumes in HNF-2978, Rev. 2.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization.
Total Waste: 662.2 Kgal
Supernatant: 364.2 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 73.7 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 21.8 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 438.4 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 422.2 Kgal
Sludge: 3.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 295.0 Kgal

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

(c) BY-105 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 109.9 Kgal
Pumping began July 11, 2001. Remaining volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal. No pumping since July 2001.

Pumping was shut down in August 2001 due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the Technical Safety Requirements (TSR). Compensatory actions were established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314, "Tank Farm Upgrades," has taken the primary transfer route out of service. Pumping will resume when the alternative route is established.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 494.2 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial: 112.2 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 8.8 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 112.2 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 101.1 Kgal
Sludge: 48.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 446.2 Kgal

(d) BY-106 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 182.7 Kgal
Pumping was originally started August 10, 1995, and shut down October 17, 1995 due to an Unreviewed Safety Question (USQ) for flammable gas concerns. Total pumped by October 1995 was 63.7 Kgal.

Pumping was restarted July 11, 2001. Pumping was shut down in August 2001 due to transfer line leak detectors not meeting all operability requirements of the TSR. Compensatory actions were established to allow resumption of pumping. Additionally, field work for Project W-314, "Tank Farm Upgrades," has taken the primary transfer route out of service. Pumping will resume when the alternative route is established. Pumping volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 555.7 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 125.8 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 70.0 Kgal (includes 63.7 Kgal pumped by October 1995 plus 6.3 Kgal pumped in July 2001)
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 125.8 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 112.7 Kgal
Sludge: 84.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 471.7 Kgal

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

(e) S-102 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 145.8 Kgal
Pumping commenced March 18, 1999. Many pumping problems occurred over the following months, and the pump was replaced several times. Pumping was interrupted again in June 2000. No pumping since June 2000.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 492.0 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 93.0 Kgal
Pumped this month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 56.8 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 93.0 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 89.0 Kgal
Sludge: 105.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 387.0 Kgal

(f) SX-101 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 99.0 Kgal
Pumping began November 22, 2000. No pumping since December 2000 due to pump failure. Pumping resumed in September 2001, following replacement of the saltwell pump and lower piping. Remaining volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal volume.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 425.5 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 89.5 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 3.3 Kgal
Total Pumped: 22.5 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 89.5 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 76.5 Kgal
Sludge: 0.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 425.5 Kgal

(g) SX-103 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumping volume: 132.0 Kgal
Pumping began October 26, 2000. Pumping was shut down April 22, 2001 due to leak detector and subsequent shielding problems in the pump pit. Pumping resumed September 14, 2001. Remaining volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal volume.

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS

September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 511.2 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstial Liquid: 24.2 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 6.5 Kgal
Total Pumped: 122.8 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 24.2 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 9.2 Kgal
Sludge: 109.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 402.2 Kgal

(h) SX-105 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 141.0 Kgal (PLR shows minus 11.6 Kgal due to there being more pumpable liquid [supernatant] than originally estimated).
Saltwell pumping began August 8, 2000. Pumping was shut down in late April 2001 when the saltwell screen in-flow rate was measured at about 0.02 gpm.
Interstitial fluid level is now being allowed to stabilize to determine if the tank can be declared interim stabilized.
An in-tank video will be taken. Remaining volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 484.4 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 0.4 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 1.5 Kgal
Total Pumped: 152.6 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 0.4 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: -11.6 Kgal (more pumpable liquid [supernatant] than originally estimated)
Sludge: 65.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 419.4 Kgal

(i) U-102 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 93.0 Kgal
Pumping began in this tank on January 20, 2000. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal volume. Remaining volumes are based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2.
This tank has been placed in observation mode to evaluate for interim stabilization.

TABLE B-1. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – SINGLE-SHELL TANKS
September 30, 2001

These volumes are the result of engineering calculations and may not agree with surface level measurements

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 288.5 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 16.4 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.2 Kgal
Total Pumped: 86.5 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 16.4 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 6.5 Kgal
Sludge: 43.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 245.2 Kgal

(j) U-107 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 115.0 Kgal
Pumping began September 29, 2001. Remaining volumes based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume will be determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 408.0 Kgal
Supernatant: 33.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstial Liquid: 125.3 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.0 Kgal
Total Pumped: 0.0 Kgal (Volume added for priming/flushes exceeded volume removed)
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 158.3 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 115.0 Kgal
Sludge: 15.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 360.0 Kgal

(k) U-109 Following information from the System Engineer:

Initial estimated Pumpable Liquid volume: 119.4 Kgal
Pumping began March 11, 2000. Saltcake volume adjusted to correspond to current waste removal. Remaining volumes based on HNF-2978, Rev. 2. Pumping was shut down on December 3, 2000 due to jet pump failure. Attempts to restart the pump were unsuccessful; the pump was replaced and restarted March 30, 2001.
This tank has been placed in observation mode to evaluate for interim stabilization.

Estimated Remaining Waste volume (calculated by difference).
Final volume determined at completion of Interim Stabilization
Total Waste: 386.6 Kgal
Supernatant: 0.0 Kgal
Drainable Interstitial Liquid: 48.6 Kgal
Pumped this Month: 0.1 Kgal
Total Pumped: 78.4 Kgal
Drainable Liquid Remaining: 48.6 Kgal
Pumpable Liquid Remaining: 41.0 Kgal
Sludge: 35.0 Kgal
Saltcake: 351.6 Kgal

TABLE B-2. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS STABILIZATION STATUS SUMMARY

September 30, 2001

Partial Interim Isolated (PI)

EAST AREA

A-101
A-102

AX-101

BY-102
BY-103
BY-105
BY-106
BY-109

C-103
C-105
C-106

East Area 11

WEST AREA

S-101
S-102
S-103
S-106
S-107
S-108
S-109
S-110
S-111
S-112

SX-101
SX-102
SX-103
SX-104
SX-105
SX-106

T-101
T-104
T-107
T-110
T-111

U-102
U-103
U-105
U-106
U-107
U-108
U-109
U-110
U-111

West Area 29
Total 40

Intrusion Prevention Completed (IP)

EAST AREA

A-103
A-104
A-105
A-106

AX-102
AX-103
AX-104

B-FARM - 16 tanks
BX-FARM - 12 tanks

BY-101
BY-104
BY-107
BY-108
BY-110
BY-111
BY-112

C-101
C-102
C-104
C-107
C-108
C-109
C-110
C-111
C-112
C-201
C-202
C-203
C-204

East Area 55

WEST AREA

S-104
S-105

SX-107
SX-108
SX-109
SX-110
SX-111
SX-112
SX-113
SX-114
SX-115

T-102
T-103
T-105
T-106
T-108
T-109
T-112
T-201
T-202
T-203
T-204

TX-FARM - 18 tanks
TY-FARM - 6 tanks

U-101
U-104
U-112
U-102
U-202
U-203
U-204

West Area 53
Total 108

Interim Stabilized (IS)

EAST AREA

A-102
A-103
A-104
A-105
A-106

AX-102
AX-103
AX-104

B-FARM - 16 tanks
BX-FARM - 12 tanks

BY-101
BY-102
BY-103
BY-104
BY-107
BY-108
BY-109
BY-110
BY-111
BY-112

C-101
C-102
C-104
C-105
C-107
C-108
C-109
C-110
C-111
C-112
C-201
C-202
C-203
C-204

East Area 60

WEST AREA

S-103
S-104
S-105
S-106
S-108
S-109
S-110

SX-104
SX-106
SX-107
SX-108
SX-109
SX-110
SX-111
SX-112
SX-113
SX-114
SX-115

T-Farm - 16 tanks
TX-FARM - 18 tanks
TY-FARM - 6 tanks

U-101
U-103
U-104
U-105
U-106
U-110
U-112
U-201
U-202
U-203
U-204

West Area 69
Total 129

Controlled, Clean, and Stable (CCS)

EAST AREA

BX-FARM - 12 Tanks

East Area 12

WEST AREA

TX-FARM - 18 tanks
TY FARM - 6 tanks

West Area 24
Total 36

Note: CCS activities have been deferred until funding is available.

TABLE B-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS

September 30, 2001

(Sheet 1 of 3)

Tank Number	Tank Integrity	Interim Stabil. Date (1)	Stabil. Method	Tank Number	Tank Integrity	Interim Stabil. Date (1)	Stabil. Method	Tank Number	Tank Integrity	Interim Stabil. Date (1)	Stabil. Method
A-101	SOUND	N/A		C-101	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR	T-108	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
A-102	SOUND	06/89	SN	C-102	SOUND	09/95	JET	T-109	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR
A-103	ASMD LKR	06/88	AR	C-103	SOUND	N/A		T-110	SOUND	01/00 (5)	JET
A-104	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	C-104	SOUND	09/89	SN	T-111	ASMD LKR	02/95	JET
A-105	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	C-105	SOUND	10/95	AR	T-112	SOUND	03/81	AR(2)(3)
A-106	SOUND	06/82	AR	C-106	SOUND	N/A		T-201	SOUND	04/81	AR (3)
AX-101	SOUND	N/A		C-107	SOUND	09/95	JET	T-202	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-102	ASMD LKR	09/88	SN	C-108	SOUND	03/84	AR	T-203	SOUND	04/81	AR
AX-103	SOUND	06/87	AR	C-109	SOUND	11/83	AR	T-204	SOUND	08/81	AR
AX-104	ASMD LKR	06/81	AR	C-110	ASMD LKR	05/95	JET	TX-101	SOUND	02/84	AR
B-101	ASMD LKR	03/81	SN	C-111	ASMD LKR	03/84	SN	TX-102	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-102	SOUND	06/85	SN	C-112	SOUND	09/90	AR	TX-103	SOUND	06/83	JET
B-103	ASMD LKR	02/85	SN	C-201	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR	TX-104	SOUND	09/79	SN
B-104	SOUND	06/85	SN	C-202	ASMD LKR	06/81	AR	TX-105	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-105	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	C-203	ASMD LKR	03/82	AR	TX-106	SOUND	06/83	JET
B-106	SOUND	03/85	SN	C-204	ASMD LKR	09/82	AR	TX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR
B-107	ASMD LKR	03/85	SN	S-101	SOUND	N/A		TX-108	SOUND	03/83	JET
B-108	SOUND	06/85	SN	S-102	SOUND	N/A		TX-109	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-109	SOUND	04/85	SN	S-103	SOUND	04/00	JET (6)	TX-110	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	S-104	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR	TX-111	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-111	ASMD LKR	06/85	SN	S-105	SOUND	09/88	JET	TX-112	SOUND	04/83	JET
B-112	ASMD LKR	05/85	SN	S-106	SOUND	02/01	JET (10)	TX-113	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-201	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR (3)	S-107	SOUND	N/A		TX-114	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-202	SOUND	05/85	AR(2)	S-108	SOUND	12/96	JET	TX-115	ASMD LKR	09/83	JET
B-203	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR	S-109	SOUND	06/01	JET (13)	TX-116	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
B-204	ASMD LKR	06/84	AR	S-110	SOUND	01/97	JET	TX-117	ASMD LKR	03/83	JET
BX-101	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	S-111	SOUND	N/A		TX-118	SOUND	04/83	JET
BX-102	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR	S-112	SOUND	N/A		TY-101	ASMD LKR	04/83	JET
BX-103	SOUND	11/83	AR(2)	SX-101	SOUND	N/A		TY-102	SOUND	09/79	AR
BX-104	SOUND	09/89	SN	SX-102	SOUND	N/A		TY-103	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
BX-105	SOUND	03/81	SN	SX-103	SOUND	N/A		TY-104	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR
BX-106	SOUND	07/95	SN	SX-104	ASMD LKR	04/00	JET (7)	TY-105	ASMD LKR	02/83	JET
BX-107	SOUND	09/90	JET	SX-105	SOUND	N/A		TY-106	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR
BX-108	ASMD LKR	07/79	SN	SX-106	SOUND	05/00	JET (8)	U-101	ASMD LKR	09/79	AR
BX-109	SOUND	09/90	JET	SX-107	ASMD LKR	10/79	AR	U-102	SOUND	N/A	
BX-110	ASMD LKR	08/85	SN	SX-108	ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	U-103	SOUND	09/00	JET (9)
BX-111	ASMD LKR	03/95	JET	SX-109	ASMD LKR	05/81	AR	U-104	ASMD LKR	10/78	AR
BX-112	SOUND	09/90	JET	SX-110	ASMD LKR	08/79	AR	U-105	SOUND	03/01	JET (11)
BY-101	SOUND	05/84	JET	SX-111	ASMD LKR	07/79	SN	U-106	SOUND	03/01	JET (12)
BY-102	SOUND	04/95	JET	SX-112	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	U-107	SOUND	N/A	
BY-103	ASMD LKR	11/97	JET	SX-113	ASMD LKR	11/78	AR	U-108	SOUND	N/A	
BY-104	SOUND	01/85	JET	SX-114	ASMD LKR	07/79	AR	U-109	SOUND	N/A	
BY-105	ASMD LKR	N/A		SX-115	ASMD LKR	09/78	AR	U-110	ASMD LKR	12/84	AR
BY-106	ASMD LKR	N/A		T-101	ASMD LKR	04/93	SN	U-111	SOUND	N/A	
BY-107	ASMD LKR	07/79	JET	T-102	SOUND	03/81	AR(2)(3)	U-112	ASMD LKR	09/79	AR
BY-108	ASMD LKR	02/85	JET	T-103	ASMD LKR	11/83	AR	U-201	SOUND	08/79	AR
BY-109	SOUND	07/97	JET	T-104	SOUND	11/99 (4)	JET	U-202	SOUND	08/79	SN
BY-110	SOUND	01/85	JET	T-105	SOUND	08/87	AR	U-203	SOUND	08/79	AR
BY-111	SOUND	01/85	JET	T-106	ASMD LKR	08/81	AR	U-204	SOUND	08/79	SN
BY-112	SOUND	06/84	JET	T-107	ASMD LKR	05/96	JET				

LEGEND:

AR = Administratively interim stabilized
JET = Saltwell jet pumped to remove drainable interstitial liquid
SN = Supernate pumped (Non-Jet pumped)
N/A = Not yet interim stabilized
ASMD LKR = Assumed Leaker

Interim Stabilized Tanks	129
Not Yet Interim Stabilized	20
Total Single-Shell Tanks	149

TABLE B-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS (sheet 2 of 3)

Footnotes: (in chronological order)

(1) These dates indicate when the tanks were actually interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date.

(2) Although tanks BX-103, T-102, and T-112 met the interim stabilization administrative procedure at the time they were stabilized, they no longer meet the recently updated administrative procedure. The tanks were re-evaluated in 1996 and letter 9654456, J. H. Wicks to J. K. McClusky, DOE-RL, dated September 1996, was issued which recommended that no further pumping be performed on these tanks, based on an economic evaluation.

Document RPP-5556, Rev. 0, "Updated Drainable Interstitial Liquid Volume Estimates for 119 Single-Shell Tanks Declared Stabilized," J. G. Field, February 7, 2000, states that five tanks no longer meet the stabilization criteria (BX-103, T-102, and T-112 exceed the supernatant criteria, and BY-103 and C-102 exceed the DIL criteria).

An intrusion investigation was completed on tank B-202 in 1996 because of a detected increase in surface level. As a result of this investigation, it was determined that this tank no longer meets the recently updated administrative procedure for 200 series tanks.

(3) Earlier versions of HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, "SST Stabilization Record," indicated that original Interim Stabilization data are missing on four tanks: B-201, T-102, T-112, and T-201. HNF-SD-RE-TI-178, Rev. 7, dated February 9, 2001, added three additional tanks to those missing stabilization data: A-104, BX-101, and SX-115.

(4) Tank 241-T-104 was Interim Stabilized on November 19, 1999. In-tank video taken October 7, 1999, shows the surface is clearly sludge-type waste with no saltcake present. No visible water on surface. Waste surface appears level across tank with numerous cracks. There is a minimal collapsed area around the saltwell screen, with no visible bottom.

(5) Tank 241-T-110 was Interim Stabilized on January 5, 2000, after a major equipment failure. An in-tank video taken October 7, 1999 (pumping was discontinued on August 12, 1999), showed the surface of this tank as smooth, brown-tinted sludge with visible cracks.

(6) Tank 241-S-103 was declared Interim Stabilized April 18, 2000. The surface is a rough, black and brown-colored waste with yellow patches of saltcake visible throughout. The surface appears to be damp, but not saturated, and shows irregular cracking typically seen with surfaces beginning to dry out. A pool of supernatant liquid (10 feet in diameter, 5 feet deep, 1.0 Kgallons) is visible from video observations.

(7) Tank 241-SX-104 was declared Interim Stabilized April 26, 2000, after a major equipment failure. The surface is a rough, yellowish gray saltcake waste with an irregular surface of visible cracks and shelves that were created as the surface dried out. The waste surface appears to be dry and shows no standing liquid within the tank.

(8) Tank 241-SX-106 was declared Interim Stabilized May 5, 2000. The surface is a smooth, white-colored saltcake waste. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a large depression in the center of the tank. A second depression surrounds both saltwell screens and an abandoned LOW. The waste surfaces appear dry and show no standing liquid within the tank.

TABLE B-3. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS INTERIM STABILIZATION STATUS (sheet 3 of 3)

(9) Tank 241-U-103 was declared Interim Stabilized September 11, 2000. The surface is a brown colored waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 30% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to the first of two depressions in the center of the tank. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of drying and cracking due to saltwell pumping. LOW readings indicate an average adjusted ILL of 60.2 inches. There is a small pool of supernatant liquid estimated to be 500 gallons.

(10) Tank 241-S-106 was declared Interim Stabilized on February 1, 2001. The surface is a rough, brown and yellow-colored saltcake waste with an irregular surface of mounds and saltcake crystals that were created as the surface was dried out. The waste surface appears to be dry and shows no standing liquid within the tank. There is no evidence of supernatant liquid from video observations. The waste surface slopes gradually from the tank sidewall to the depression in the center of the tank. The depression surrounds both of the saltwell screens, but does not extend around the temperature probe and ENRAF devices.

(11) Tank 241-U-105 was declared Interim Stabilized on March 29, 2001, after a major equipment failure. The surface is a brown colored waste with irregular patches of white salt crystal. Approximately 15% of the surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes to the first of two depressions in the center of the tank; the first depression is cone shaped and estimated to be 22 feet in diameter. The second depression, inside the first, is cylindrically shaped and has a diameter of approximately 10 feet. Both depressions are centered on the saltwell screen. The waste surface appears dry and shows signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. There is no visible liquid in the tank.

(12) Tank 241-U-106 was declared Interim Stabilized on March 9, 2001. The surface is a dark brown/yellow colored waste that is covered with many stalagmite-type crystals growing on the surface. The crystals cover approximately 75% of the waste surface. The waste surface is irregular, appears dry, and shows only minimal signs of cracking due to saltwell pumping. The supernatant pool is estimated to be 13.3 feet in diameter based on the visible portion of the saltwell screen. The pool is centered on the saltwell screen.

(13) Tank 241-S-109 was declared Interim Stabilized on June 11, 2001. The surface is primarily a white colored salt crystal with small patches of dark salt visible due to saltwell/sampling activities. Approximately 95% of the waste surface is covered by the salt formations. The surface level slopes slightly from the tank sidewall down to a depression in the center of the tank. The waste surface appears rough and dry and shows signs of cracking and slumping due to saltwell pumping.

TABLE B-4. SINGLE-SHELL TANK INTERIM STABILIZATION MILESTONES

September 30, 2001

(sheet 1 of 2)

New single-shell tank interim stabilization milestones were negotiated in 1999 and are identified in the "Consent Decree." The Consent Decree was approved on August 16, 1999.

CONSENT DECREE

Attachments A-1 and A-2

Following is the schedule for pumping liquid waste from the remaining twenty-nine (29) single-shell tanks. This schedule is enforceable pursuant to the terms of the Decree except for the "Projected Pumping Completion Dates," which are estimates only and not enforceable. Schedule does not include Tank C-106.

	Tank Designation	Projected Pumping Start Date	Actual Pumping Start Date	Projected Pumping Completion Date	Interim Stabilization Date
1.	T-104	Already initiated	March 24, 1996	May 30, 1999	November 19, 1999
2.	T-110	Already initiated	May 12, 1997	May 30, 1999	January 5, 2000
3.	SX-104	Already initiated	September 26, 1997	December 30, 2000	April 26, 2000
4.	SX-106	Already initiated	October 6, 1998	December 30, 2000	May 5, 2000
5.	S-102	Already initiated	March 18, 1999	March 30, 2001	
6.	S-106	Already initiated	April 16, 1999	March 30, 2001	February 1, 2001
7.	S-103	Already initiated	June 4, 1999	March 30, 2001	April 18, 2000
8.	U-103*	June 15, 2000	September 26, 1999	April 15, 2002	September 11, 2000
9.	U-105*	June 15, 2000	December 10, 1999	April 15, 2002	March 29, 2001
10.	U-102*	June 15, 2000	January 20, 2000	April 15, 2002	
11.	U-109*	June 15, 2000	March 11, 2000	April 15, 2002	
12.	A-101	October 30, 2000	May 6, 2000	September 30, 2003	
13.	AX-101	October 30, 2000	July 29, 2000	September 30, 2003	
14.	SX-105	March 15, 2001	August 8, 2000	February 28, 2003	
15.	SX-103	March 15, 2001	October 26, 2000	February 28, 2003	
16.	SX-101	March 15, 2001	November 22, 2000	February 28, 2003	
17.	U-106*	March 15, 2001	August 24, 2000	February 28, 2003	March 9, 2001
18.	BY-106	July 15, 2001	July 11, 2001	June 30, 2003	
19.	BY-105	July 15, 2001	July 11, 2001	June 30, 2003	
20.	U-108	December 30, 2001		August 30, 2003	
21.	U-107	December 30, 2001	**Sepember 29, 2001**	August 30, 2003	
22.	S-111	December 30, 2001		August 30, 2003	
23.	SX-102	December 30, 2001		August 30, 2003	
24.	U-111	November 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	
25.	S-109	November 30, 2002	September 23, 2000	September 30, 2003	June 11, 2001
26.	S-112	November 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	
27.	S-101	November 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	
28.	S-107	November 30, 2002		September 30, 2003	
29.	C-103	The Decree states that no later than December 30, 2000, DOE will determine whether the organic layer and pumpable liquids will be pumped from this tank together or separately, and will establish a deadline for initiating pumping of this tank; the parties will incorporate the initiation deadline into this schedule as provided in Section VI of the Decree. Complete: ORP issued a letter to WDOE on December 22, 2000, meeting the requirements of this milestone.			

* Tanks containing organic complexants.

TABLE B-4. SINGLE-SHELL TANK INTERIM STABILIZATION MILESTONES
(sheet 2 of 2)

Completion of Interim Stabilization. DOE will complete interim stabilization of all 29 single-shell tanks listed above by September 30, 2004.

Percentage of Pumpable Liquid Remaining to be Removed:

93% of Total Liquid	9/30/1999 (1)
38% of Organic Complexed Pumpable Liquids	9/30/2000 (2)
5% of Organic Complexed Pumpable Liquids	9/30/2001 (3)
18% of Total Liquid	9/30/2002
2% of Total Liquid	9/30/2003

The "percentage of pumpable liquid remaining to be removed" is calculated by dividing the volume of pumpable liquid remaining to be removed from tanks not yet interim stabilized by the sum of the total amount of liquid that has been pumped and the pumpable liquid that remains to be pumped from all tanks.

(1) The Pumpable Liquid Remaining was reduced to 88% by September 30, 1999. Reference LMHC-9957926 R1, D. I. Allen, LHMC, to D. C. Bryson, DOE-ORP, dated October 26, 1999.

(2) The Complexed Pumpable Liquid Remaining was reduced to 38% by September 15, 2000. Reference CHG-0004752, R. F. Wood, CHG, to J. J. Short, DOE-ORP, dated September 13, 2000.

(3) Reference CHG-0104859, R. F. Wood, CHG, to J. S. O'Connor, DOE-ORP, dated September 20, 2001: this reference states that tanks U-102 and U-109 appear to have met the interim stabilization criteria, thereby reducing the Complexed Pumpable Liquid Remaining to zero; however, it may take three or more months before the settling waste levels approach equilibrium so that the final liquid levels and volumes can be calculated. A request to extend the milestone date may be prepared if ORP chooses to do so.

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES (Sheet 1 of 6)

September 30, 2001

Tank Number		Date Declared Confirmed or Assumed Leaker (3)	Volume Gallons (2)	Associated KiloCuries 137 Cs (9)	Interim Stabilized Date (11)	Leak Estimate Updated	Leak Estimate Reference
241-A-103		1987	5500 (8)		06/88	1987	(j)
241-A-104		1975	500 to 2500	0.8 to 1.8 (q)	09/78	1983	(a)(q)
241-A-105	(1)	1963	10000 to 277000	85 to 760 (b)	07/79	1991	(b)(c)
241-AX-102		1988	3000 (8)		09/88	1989	(h)
241-AX-104		1977	-- (6)		08/81	1989	(g)
241-B-101		1974	-- (6)		03/81	1989	(g)
241-B-103		1978	-- (6)		02/85	1989	(g)
241-B-105		1978	-- (6)		12/84	1989	(g)
241-B-107		1980	8000 (8)		03/85	1986	(d)(f)
241-B-110		1981	10000 (8)		03/85	1986	(d)
241-B-111		1978	-- (6)		08/85	1989	(g)
241-B-112		1978	2000		05/85	1989	(g)
241-B-201		1980	1200 (8)		08/81	1984	(e)(f)
241-B-203		1983	300 (8)		06/84	1986	(d)
241-B-204		1984	400 (8)		06/84	1989	(g)
241-BX-101		1972	-- (6)		09/78	1989	(g)
241-BX-102		1971	70000	50 (l)	11/78	1986	(d)
241-BX-108		1974	2500	0.5 (l)	07/79	1986	(d)
241-BX-110		1976	-- (6)		08/85	1989	(g)
241-BX-111		1984 (13)	-- (6)		03/95	1993	(g)
241-BY-103		1973	<5000		11/97	1983	(a)
241-BY-105		1984	-- (6)		N/A	1989	(g)
241-BY-106		1984	-- (6)		N/A	1989	(g)
241-BY-107		1984	15100 (8)		07/79	1989	(g)
241-BY-108		1972	<5000		02/85	1983	(a)
241-C-101		1980	20000 (8)(10)		11/83	1986	(d)
241-C-110		1984	2000		05/95	1989	(g)
241-C-111		1968	5500 (8)		03/84	1989	(g)
241-C-201	(4)	1988	550		03/82	1987	(i)
241-C-202	(4)	1988	450		08/81	1987	(i)
241-C-203		1984	400 (8)		03/82	1986	(d)
241-C-204	(4)	1988	350		09/82	1987	(i)
241-S-104		1968	24000 (8)		12/84	1989	(g)
241-SX-104		1988	6000 (8)		04/00	1988	(k)
241-SX-107		1964	<5000		10/79	1983	(a)
241-SX-108	(5)(14)	1962	2400 to 35000	17 to 140 (m)(q)(t)	08/79	1991	(m)(q)(t)
241-SX-109	(5)(14)	1965	<10000	<40 (n)(t)	05/81	1992	(n)(t)
241-SX-110		1976	5500 (8)		08/79	1989	(g)
241-SX-111	(14)	1974	500 to 2000	0.6 to 2.4 (l)(q)(t)	07/79	1986	(d)(q)(t)
241-SX-112	(14)	1969	30000	40 (l)(t)	07/79	1986	(d)(t)
241-SX-113		1962	15000	8 (l)	11/78	1986	(d)
241-SX-114		1972	-- (6)		07/79	1989	(g)
241-SX-115		1965	50000	21 (o)	09/78	1992	(o)
241-T-101		1992	7500 (8)		04/93	1992	(p)
241-T-103		1974	<1000 (8)		11/83	1989	(g)
241-T-106		1973	115000 (8)	40 (l)	08/81	1986	(d)
241-T-107		1984	-- (6)		05/96	1989	(g)
241-T-108		1974	<1000 (8)		11/78	1980	(f)
241-T-109		1974	<1000 (8)		12/84	1989	(g)
241-T-111		1979, 1994 (12)	<1000 (8)		02/95	1994	(f)(r)
241-TX-105		1977	-- (6)		04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-107	(5)	1984	2500		10/79	1986	(d)
241-TX-110		1977	-- (6)		04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-113		1974	-- (6)		04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-114		1974	-- (6)		04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-115		1977	-- (6)		09/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-116		1977	-- (6)		04/83	1989	(g)
241-TX-117		1977	-- (6)		03/83	1989	(g)
241-TY-101		1973	<1000 (8)		04/83	1980	(f)
241-TY-103		1973	3000	0.7 (l)	02/83	1986	(d)
241-TY-104		1981	1400 (8)		11/83	1986	(d)
241-TY-105		1960	35000	4 (l)	02/83	1986	(d)
241-TY-106		1959	20000	2 (l)	11/78	1986	(d)
241-U-101		1959	30000	20 (l)	09/79	1986	(d)
241-U-104		1961	55000	0.09 (l)	10/78	1986	(d)
241-U-110		1975	5000 to 8100 (8)	0.05 (q)	12/84	1986	(d)(q)
241-U-112		1980	8500 (8)		09/79	1986	(d)
67 Tanks			<750,000 - 1,050,000 (7)				

N/A = not applicable (not yet interim stabilized)

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Sheet 2 of 6)

Footnotes:

(1) Current estimates [see Reference (b)] are that 610 Kgallons of cooling water was added to Tank 241-A-105 from November 1970 to December 1978 to aid in evaporative cooling. In accordance with Dangerous Waste Regulations [Washington Administrative Code 173-303-070 (2)(a)(ii), as amended, Washington State Department of Ecology, 1990, Olympia, Washington], any of this cooling water that has been added and subsequently leaked from the tank must be classified as a waste and should be included in the total leak volume. In August 1991, the leak volume estimate for this tank was updated in accordance with the WAC regulations. Previous estimates excluded the cooling water leaks from the total leak volume estimates because the waste content (concentration) in the cooling water which leaked should be much less than the original liquid waste in the tank (the sludge is relatively insoluble). The total leak volume estimate in this report (10 to 277 Kgallons) is based on the following (see References):

1. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 to 15 Kgallons for the initial leak prior to August 1968.

2. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 5 to 30 Kgallons for the leak while the tank was being sluiced from August 1968 to November 1970.

3. Reference (b) contains an estimate of 610 Kgallons of cooling water added to the tank from November 1970 to December 1978, but it was estimated that the leakage was small during this period. This reference contains the statement "Sufficient heat was generated in the tank to evaporate most, and perhaps nearly all, of this water." This results in a low estimate of zero gallons leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.

4. Reference (c) contains an estimate the 378 to 410 Kgallons evaporated out of the tank from November 1970 to December 1978. Subtracting the minimum evaporation estimate from the cooling water added estimate provides a range from 0 to 232 Kgallons of cooling water leakage from November 1970 to December 1978.

	Low Estimate	High Estimate
Prior to August 1968	5,000	15,000
August 1968 to November 1970	5,000	30,000
November 1970 to December 1978	0	232,000
Totals	10,000	277,000

(2) These leak volume estimates do not include (with some exceptions), such things as: (a) cooling/raw water leaks, (b) intrusions (rain infiltration) and subsequent leaks, (c) leaks inside the tank farm but not through the tank liner (surface leaks, pipeline leaks, leaks at the joint for the overflow or fill lines, etc.), and (d) leaks from catch tanks, diversion boxes, encasements, etc.

(3) In many cases, a leak was suspected long before it was identified or confirmed. For example, Reference (d) shows that Tank 241-U-104 was suspected of leaking in 1956. The leak was confirmed in 1961. This report lists the "assumed leaker" date of 1961. Using present standards, Tank 241-U-104 would have been declared an assumed leaker in 1956. In 1984, the criteria designations of "suspected leaker," "questionable integrity, " "confirmed leaker," "declared leaker," "borderline and dormant," were merged into one category now reported as "assumed leaker." See Reference (f) for explanation of when, how long, and how fast some of the tanks leaked. It is highly likely that there have been undetected leaks from single-shell tanks because of the nature of their design and instrumentation.

(4) The leak volume estimate date for these tanks is before the declared leaker date because the tank was in a suspected leaker or questionable integrity status; however, a leak volume had been estimated prior to the tank being reclassified.

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Sheet 3 of 6)

(5) The increasing radiation levels in drywells and laterals associated with these three tanks could be indicating continuing leak or movement of existing radionuclides in the soil. There is no conclusive way to confirm these observations. (Repeat spectral drywell scans are not part of the current Tank Farm leak detection program but can be run on request a special needs arise. A select subset of drywells is routinely monitored by the Vadose Zone Characterization Project to assess movement of gamma-emitting radionuclides in the subsurface. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plan to prepare them for use).

(6) Methods were used to estimate the leak volumes from these 19 tanks based on the assumption that their cumulative leakage is approximately the same as for 18 of the 24 tanks identified in footnote (9). For more details see Reference (g). The total leak volume estimate for these tanks is 150 Kgallons (rounded to the nearest Kgallon), for an average of approximately 8 Kgallons for each of 19 tanks.

(7) The total has been rounded to the nearest 50 Kgallons. Upper bound values were used in many cases in developing these estimates. It is likely that some of these tanks have not actually leaked.

(8) Leak volume estimate is based solely on observed liquid level decreases in these tanks. This is considered to be the most accurate method for estimating leak volumes.

(9) The curie content shown is as listed in the reference document and is not decayed to a consistent date: therefore, a cumulative total is inappropriate.

(10) Tank 241-C-101 experienced a liquid level decrease in the late 1960s and was taken out of service and pumped to a minimum heel in December 1969. In 1970, the tank was classified as a "questionable integrity" tank. Liquid level data show decreases in level throughout the 1970s and the tank was saltwell pumped during the 1970s, ending in April 1979. The tank was reclassified as a "confirmed leaker" in January 1980. See References (q) and (r); refer to Reference (s) for information on the potential for there to have been leaks from other C-farm tanks (specifically, C-102, C-103, and C-109).

(11) These dates indicate when the tanks were declared to be interim stabilized. In some cases, the official interim stabilization documents were issued at a later date. Also, in some cases, the field work associated with interim stabilization was completed at an earlier date.

(12) Tank 241-T-111 was declared an "assumed re-leaker" on February 28, 1994, due to a decreasing trend in surface level measurement. This tank was pumped, and interim stabilization completed on February 22, 1995.

(13) Tank BX-111 was declared an "assumed re-leaker" in April 1993. Preparations for pumping were delayed, following an administrative hold placed on all tank farm operations in August 1993. Pumping resumed and the tank was declared interim stabilized on March 15, 1995.

(14) The leak volume and curie release estimates on SX-108, SX-109, SX-111, and SX-112 have been re-evaluated using a Historical Leak Model [see Reference (t)]. In general, the model estimates are much higher than the values listed in the table, both for volume and curies released. The values listed in the table do not reflect this revised estimate because, "In particular, it is worth emphasizing that this report was never meant to be a definitive update for the leak baseline at the Hanford Site. It was rather meant to be an attempt to view the issue of leak inventories with a new and different methodology." (This quote is from the first page of the referenced report).

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Sheet 4 of 6)

(15) In July 1998, the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology) directed the U. S. Department of Energy (DOE) to develop corrective action plans for eight single-shell tank farms (B/BX/BY/S/SX/T/TX/TY) where groundwater contamination likely originated from tank farm operations. A Tri-Party Agreement milestone (M-45 series) was developed that established a formalized approach for evaluating impacts on groundwater quality of loss of tank wastes to the vadose zone underlying these tank farms. Planning documents have been completed for the S, SX, B, BX, and BY tank farms and will be completed shortly for the T, TX, and TY farms. The phase 1 field investigation is near completion in the S and SX tank farms and has begun in the B, BX, and BY farms. Field work is anticipated in FY-02 for the T, TX, and TY tank farms. The remaining four single-shell tank farms are expected to be included in corrective action plans in the near future.

All of the information included in this appendix is currently under review and significant revisions are anticipated. Recently, major tank farm vadose zone investigative efforts (such as the baseline spectral gamma-ray logging of all drywells in all single-shell tank farms, as well as drilling and sampling in the SX tank farm) were completed. This appendix will be revised as a better understanding of past tank leak events is developed.

SST Vadose Zone Project drilling and testing activities near tank BX-102 were completed March 2001. A borehole (299-E33-45) was drilled through the postulated uranium plume resulting from the 1951 tank BX-102 overfill event to confirm the presence of uranium, define its present depth, and survey other contaminants of interest such as Tc-99. Thirty-five split-spoon samples were collected for laboratory analyses. This borehole was decommissioned after collection and analysis of groundwater samples.

Borehole W33-46, adjacent to Tank B-110, was drilled to a depth of approximately 190 feet in July 2001. Soil samples were collected for analysis as part of the tank farm vadose zone characterization activities. During decommissioning, this borehole was completed as a vadose zone monitoring structure. Work was accomplished in cooperation with scientists from Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory and Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. This borehole is now the first fully instrumented vadose zone hydrographic monitoring structure to be completed in a Hanford site tank farm.

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Sheet 5 of 6)

References:

(a) Murthy, K. S., et al., June 1983, *Assessment of Single-Shell Tank Residual Liquid Issues at Hanford Site, Washington*, PNL-4688, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, Richland, Washington.

(b) WHC, 1991a, *Tank 241-A-105 Leak Assessment*, WHC-MR-0264, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(c) WHC, 1991b, *Tank 241-A-105 Evaporation Estimate 1970 Through 1978*, WHC-EP-0410, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(d) Smith, D. A., January 1986, *Single-Shell Tank Isolation Safety Analysis Report*, SD-WM-SAR-006, Rev. 1, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(e) McCann, D. C., and T. S. Vail, September 1984, *Waste Status Summary*, RHO-RE-SR-14, Rockwell Hanford Operations, Richland, Washington.

(f) Catlin, R. J., March 1980, *Assessment of the Surveillance Program of the High-Level Waste Storage Tanks at Hanford*, Hanford Engineering Development Laboratory, Richland, Washington.

(g) Baumhardt, R. J., May 15, 1989, Letter to R. E. Gerton, U.S. Department of Energy-Richland Operations Office, *Single-Shell Tank Leak Volumes*, 8901832B R1, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(h) WHC, 1990a, Occurrence Report, *Surface Level Measurement Decrease in Single-Shell Tank 241-AX-102*, WHC-UO-89-023-TF-05, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(i) Groth, D. R., July 1, 1987, Internal Memorandum to R. J. Baumhardt, *Liquid Level Losses in Tanks 241-C-201, -202 and -204*, 65950-87-517, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(j) Groth, D. R., and G. C. Owens, May 15, 1987, Internal Memorandum to J. H. Roecker, *Tank 103-A Integrity Evaluation*, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(k) Dunford, G. L., July 8, 1988, Internal Memorandum to R. K. Welty, *Engineering Investigation: Interstitial Liquid Level Decrease in Tank 241-SX-104*, 13331-88-416, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(l) ERDA, 1975, *Final Environmental Statement Waste Management Operations, Hanford Reservation, Richland, Washington*, ERDA-1538, 2 vols., U.S. Energy Research and Development Administration, Washington, D.C.

(m) WHC, 1992a, *Tank 241-SX-108 Leak Assessment*, WHC-MR-0300, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(n) WHC, 1992b, *Tank 241-SX-109 Leak Assessment*, WHC-MR-0301, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(o) WHC, 1992c, *Tank 241-SX-115 Leak Assessment*, WHC-MR-0302, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

TABLE B-5. SINGLE-SHELL TANK LEAK VOLUME ESTIMATES
(Sheet 6 of 6)

(p) WHC, 1992d, Occurrence Report, *Apparent Decrease in Liquid Level in Single Shell Underground Storage Tank 241-T-101, Leak Suspected; Investigation Continuing*, RL-WHC-TANKFARM-1992-0073, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(q) WHC,1990b, *A History of the 200 Area Tank Farms*, WHC-MR-0132, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(r) WHC, 1993a, *Assessment of Unsaturated Zone Radionuclide Contamination Around Single-Shell Tanks 241-C-105 and 241-C-106, WHC-SD-EN-TI-185*, REV OA, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(s) WHC, 1994, Occurrence Report, *Apparent Liquid Level Decrease in Single Shell Underground Storage Tank 241-T-111; Declared an Assumed Re-Leaker*, RL-WHC-TANKFARM-1994-0009, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

(t) HNF, 1998, Agnew, S. F., and R. A. Corbin, August 1998, *Analysis of SX Farm Leak Histories - Historical Leak Model* (HLM), HNF-3233, Rev. 0, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico

TABLE B-6. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS

149 TANKS (Sheet 1 of 3)
September 30, 2001

There were no Single-Shell Tanks Out of Compliance (O/C) this month.

LEGEND:	
O/C	= Noncompliance with applicable documentation
O/S	= Out of Service
N/A	= Not applicable (not monitored, no schedule)
None	= Applicable equipment not installed
LOW	= LOW readings taken by Neutron probe (exception: Tank AX-101 taken by gamma sensors)
POP	= Plant Operating Procedure, TO-040-650
MT/FIC/ ENRAF	= Surface level measurement devices
OSD	= Operating Spec. Doc., OSD-T-151-00013, and -00031
FSAR/TSR	= Final Safety Analysis Report/Technical Safety Requirements

Notes:
All Dome Elevation Survey monitoring is in compliance.
Psychrometrics monitoring is on an as needed basis.
In-tank photos/videos are taken on an as needed basis.
Drywell monitoring is no longer required.

The following table indicates Single-Shell tank monitoring devices that were Out of Service (O/S) as of the last day of this month.

Tank Number	Tank Category High Heat (1)	Temperature Readings (2)	Primary Leak Detection Source (3)	Surface Level Readings (3) (OSD)			LOW Readings (OSD)(4,5)
				MT	FIC	ENRAF	Neutron
B-110			LOW	None	None	(O/S) (6)	
BY-109		None	LOW	None	O/S (7)	None	

TABLE B-6. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS -149 TANKS
(Sheet 2 of 3)

Footnotes:

1. High heat tanks have active exhausters; psychrometrics can be taken in the high heat tanks. Psychrometric readings are not required, but can be taken on an "as needed" basis.

   Psychrometric readings are taken annually in SX-farm.

2. Temperature readings may be regulated by OSD, POP, or FSAR (FSAR only regulates high heat load tanks) (see Legend, page B-23). Temperatures cannot be obtained in 13 low heat load tanks (see Table B-2). The OSD does not require readings or repair of out-of-service thermocouples for the low heat load (≤26,000 Btu/h) tanks. However, the POP requires that attempts are to be made semiannually in January and July to obtain readings for these tanks.

   Temperatures in some tanks cannot be taken in the waste because the waste level is lower than the lowest thermocouple in these trees. Some tanks have no temperature trees.

   Temperatures for many tanks are monitored continuously by TMACS; see Table D-4, Tank Monitor and Control System.

3. All SSTs have either manual tape, FIC, or ENRAF surface level measuring devices. Some also have zip cords.

   ENRAF gauges are being installed to replace FICs (or sometimes manual tapes). The ENRAF gauges are being connected to TMACS, but many are currently being read manually from the field. See Table D-3 for list of ENRAF installations.

4. Document OSD-T-151-00031, "Operating Specifications for Tank Farm Leak Detection," Rev. D-5, May 30, 2001, requires that single-shell tanks with the surface level measurement device contacting liquid, partial liquid, or floating crust surface, will be monitored for leak detection on a daily basis. Tanks with a solid surface will be monitored for leak detection on a weekly basis by taking neutron scan data from a Liquid Observation Well (LOW), if an LOW is present. Tanks with a solid surface but without LOWs will not be monitored for leak detection until an LOW is installed. The OSD specifies what leak detection methods are to be used for each tank, and the requirements if the readings are not taken on the required frequency or if equipment is out of service.

   This OSD revision does not require drywell surveys to be taken; drywell scans will only be taken by special request, since any scans would have to be subcontracted. The Tank Farm contractor no longer has drywell scanning equipment.

5. Document SD-WM-TI-605, Rev., dated January 1994, describes the rationale for Liquid Observation Well (LOW) installation priority. This priority is based on tank leak status, tank surface condition, and tank stabilization status. Also included is a listing of tanks with the waste level being below two feet, which have no priority assigned because no effort will be made to install LOWs in the near future. LOW probes are unable to accurately monitor interstitial liquid levels less than two feet high.

TABLE B-6. SINGLE-SHELL TANKS MONITORING COMPLIANCE STATUS - 149 TANKS
(Sheet 3 of 3)

Tanks which will not receive LOWs:

A-102	BX-101	C-201	T-106
A-104	BX-103	C-202	T-108
A-105	BX-105	C-203	T-109
AX-102	BX-106	C-204	TX-107
AX-104	BX-108	SX-110	TY-102
B-102	C-108	SX-113	TY-104
B-103	C-109	SX-115	TY-106
B-112	C-111	T-102	U-101
		T-103	U-112

Total - 34 Tanks

6. Tank B-110 - The ENRAF was damaged during installation of the LOW in February 2001. The ENRAF is scheduled for repair. The LOW is the primary device and good weekly readings are being obtained.

7. Tank BY-109 – The FIC has been showing suspect readings since 1998. The LOW is the primary device and good readings are being obtained.

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APPENDIX C

MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

TABLE C-1. EAST AND WEST AREA MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

ACTIVE - still running transfers through the associated diversion boxes or pipeline encasements

September 30, 2001

FACILITY	LOCATION	PURPOSE (receives waste from:)	WASTE (Gallons)	MONITORED BY	REMARKS
EAST AREA					
241-A-302-A	A Farm	A-151 DB	670	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Pumped to AW-105 7/00
241-ER-311	B Plant	ER-151, ER-152 DB	1867	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	
241-AZ-151	AZ Farm	AZ-702 condensate	3708	SACS/ENRAF/TMACS	Volume changes daily - pumped to AZ-101 or AZ-102 as needed. Pumped 5/31/01 to AZ-101.
241-AZ-154	AZ Farm		25	SACS/MT	
244-BX-TK/SMP	BX Complex	DCRT - Receives from several farms	24086	SACS/MT	Using Manual Tape for tank/sump, pumped 3 times in 7/01 to 63.0 in. Sump O/S 2/5/01.
244-A-TK/SMP	A Complex	DCRT - Receives from several farms	7224	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF- pumped 3/99 to AP-108
A-350	A Farm	Collects drainage	237	MCS/SACS/WTF	WTF (uncorrected) pumped as needed
AR-204	AY Farm	Tanker trucks from various facilities	340	DIP TUBE	Alarms on SACS-pumped to AP-108, 7/00
A-417	A Farm		13814	SACS/WTF	Pumped 4/98; WTF O/S 6/01; readings taken with zip cord (accuracy suspect)
CR-003-TK/SUMP	C Farm	DCRT	2960	MT/ZIP CORD	Zip cord in sump O/S, 3/96; water intrusion, 1/98
WEST AREA					
241-TX-302-C	TX Farm	TX-154 DB	164	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	
241-U-301-B	U Farm	U-151, U-152, U-153, U-252 DB	8034	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Returned to service 12/30/93
241-UX-302-A	U Plant	UX-154 DB	3350	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	
241-S-304	S Farm	S-151 DB	130	SACS/ENRAF/Manually	Replaced S-302-A, 10/91; ENRAF installed 7/98. Sump not alarming.
244-S-TK/SMP	S Farm	From original tanks to SY-102	26401	SACS/Manually	WTF (uncorrected); transferred from S-219, 6/01
244-TX-TK/SMP	TX Farm	From original tanks to SY-102	16810	SACS/Manually	MT - pumped PFP 241-Z tank D-5 to 244-TX DCRT on 4/12/01, level now 76 in.
Vent Station Catch Tank		Cross-Site Transfer Line	376	SACS/Manually	MT

Total Active Facilities 17

LEGEND:		
	DB	Diversion Box
	DCRT	Double-Contained Receiver Tank
	TK	Tank
	SMP	Sump
	FIC, ENRAF	Surface Level Measurement Devices
	MT	Manual Tape - Surface Level Measurement Device
	Zip Cord	Surface Level Measurement Device
	WTF	Weight Time Factor - can be recorded as WTF, CWF (corrected), and Uncorrected WTF
	SACS	Surveillance Automated Control System
	MCS	Monitor and Control System
	Manually	Not connected to any automated system
	O/S	Out of Service

TABLE C-2. EAST AREA INACTIVE MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers

September 30, 2001

FACILITY	LOCATION	RECEIVED WASTE FROM:	WASTE (Gallons)	MONITORED BY	REMARKS
216-BY-201	BY Farm	TBP Waste Line	Unknown	NM	
241-A-302-B	A Farm	A-152 DB	5837	SACS/MT	Isolated 1985, Project B-138 Interim Stabilized 1990, Rain intrusion
241-AX-151	N of PUREX	PUREX	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985
241-AX-152	AX Farm	AX-152 DB	0	SACS/MT	Declared Assumed Leaker; pumped to AY-102 3/1/01, no longer being used.
241-B-301-B	B Farm	B-151, B-152, B-153, B-252 DB	22250	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-B-302-B	B Farm	B-154 DB	4930	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-A	BX Farm	BR-152, BX-153, BXR-152, BYR-152 DB	840	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-B	BX Farm	BX-154 DB	1040	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-BX-302-C	BX Farm	BX-155 DB	870	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-C-301-C	C Farm	C-151, C-152, C-153, C-252 DB	10470	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-CX-70	Hot Semi-	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Isolated, Decommission Project, See Dwg
241-CX-72	Works	Transfer lines	650	NM	H-2-95-501, 2/5/87
241-ER-311A	SW B Plant	ER-151 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated
244-AR VAULT	A Complex	Between farms & B-Plant	Unknown	NM	Not actively being used. Systems activated for final clean out.
244-BXR-TK/SMP-001	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7200	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-002	BX Farm	Transfer lines	2180	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-003	BX Farm	Transfer lines	1810	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
244-BXR-TK/SMP-011	BX Farm	Transfer lines	7100	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)
361-B-TANK	B Plant	Drainage from B-Plant	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilization 1985 (1)

Total East Area Inactive Facilities 19

LEGEND:
- DB Diversion Box
- DCRT Double-Contained Receiver Tank
- MT Manual Tape
- SACS Surveillance Automated Control System
- TK Tank
- SMP Sump
- R Usually denotes replacement
- NM Not Monitored

(1) SOURCE: WHC-SD-WM-TI-356, "Waste Storage Tank Status & Leak Detection Criteria," Rev. 0, September 30, 1988

TABLE C-3. WEST AREA INACTIVE MISCELLANEOUS UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS AND SPECIAL SURVEILLANCE FACILITIES

INACTIVE - no longer receiving waste transfers
September 30, 2001

FACILITY	LOCATION	RECEIVED WASTE FROM:	WASTE (Gallons)	MONITORED BY	REMARKS
216-TY-201	E. of TY Farm	Supernatant from T-112	Unknown	NM	Isolated
231-W-151-001	N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Unknown	NM	Inactive, last data 1974
231-W-151-002	N. of Z Plant	231-Z Floor drains	Unknown	NM	Inactive, last data 1974
241-S-302	S Farm	240-S-151 DB	8357	SACS/ENRAF	Assumed Leaker EPDA 85-04
241-S-302-A	S Farm	241-S-151 DB	0		Assumed Leaker TF-EFS-90-042
	Partially filled with grout 2/91, determined still to be an assumed leaker after leak test. Manual FIC readings are unobtainable due to dry grouted surface. CASS monitoring system retired 2/23/99; intrusion readings discontinued. S-304 replaced S-302-A				
241-S-302-B	S Farm	S Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-SX-302	SX Farm	SX-151 DB, 151 TB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1987
241-SX-304	SX Farm	SX-152 Transfer Box, SX-151 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-T-301	T Farm	DB T-151, -151, -153, -252	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (241-T-301B)
241-TX-302	TX Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TX-302-X-B	TX Farm	TX Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TX-302-B	TX Farm	TX-155 DB	1600	SACS/MT	New MT installed 7/16/93
241-TX-302-B(R)	E. of TX Farm	TX-155 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated
241-TY-302-A	TY Farm	TX-153 DB	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-TY-302-B	TY Farm	TY Encasements	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
241-Z-8	E. of Z Plant	Recuplex waste	Unknown	NM	Isolated, 1974, 1975
242-T-135	T Evaporator	T Evaporator	Unknown	NM	Isolated
242-TA-R1	T Evaporator	Z Plant waste	Unknown	NM	Isolated
243-S-TK-1	N. of S Farm	Personnel Decon. Facility	Unknown	NM	Isolated
244-U-TK/SMP	U Farm	DCRT - Receives from several farms	Unknown	NM	Not yet in use
244-TXR VAULT	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-001	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-002	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
244-TXR-TK/SMP-003	TX Farm	Transfer lines	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilized, MT removed 1984 (1)
270-W	SE of U Plant	Condensate from U-221	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1970
361-T-TANK	T Plant	Drainage from T-Plant	Unknown	NM	Isolated 1985 (1)
361-U-TANK	U Plant	Drainage from U-Plant	Unknown	NM	Interim Stabilzed, MT removed 1984 (1)

Total West Area Inactive Facilities 27

LEGEND:
- DB Diversion Box, TB - Transfer Box
- DCRT Double-Contained Receiver Tank
- TK Tank
- SMP Sump
- R Usually denotes replacement
- FIC Surface Level Monitoring Device
- MT Manual Tape
- O/S Out of Service
- SACS Surveillance Automated Control System
- NM Not Monitored
- ENRAF Surface Level Monitoring Device

(1) SOURCE: WHC-SD-WM-TI-356, "Waste Storage Tank Status & Leak Detection Criteria," Rev. 0, September 30, 1988

APPENDIX D

TEMPERATURE MONITORING

ENRAF INSTALLATIONS

TANK MONITOR AND CONTROL SYSTEM (TMACS)

TABLE D-1. TEMPERATURE MONITORING
September 30, 2001

SINGLE-SHELL TANKS WITH HIGH HEAT LOADS (>26,000 Btu/hr)

Nine tanks have high heat loads for which temperature surveillance requirements have been established. In an analysis, WHC-SD-WM-SARR-010, Rev. 1, *Heat Removal Characteristics of Waste Storage Tanks,* Kummerer, 1995, it was estimated that these nine tanks have heat sources >26,000 Btu/hr, which is the new criterion for determining high heat load tanks.

Temperatures in these tanks did not exceed the Technical Safety Requirements (TSR) for this month. The tanks are monitored by the Tank Monitor and Control System (TMACS). All high heat load tanks are on active ventilation.

Tank No.		
C-106 (1)	SX-108	SX-111
SX-103	SX-109	SX-112
SX-107	SX-110	SX-114

(1) The final thermal analysis report for tank C-106 was issued August 9, 2000 (RPP-6463, Rev. 0) and concluded that the best estimate for C-106 was between 7,000 and 11,000 Btu/hr, therefore, this tank no longer meets the criterion for a high heat load tank. An AB Amendment is required to revise the temperature control limits and monitoring frequency. The AB Amendment request is on temporary hold by ORP.

Active ventilation:
There are 15 single-shell tanks on active ventilation (9 are high heat load tanks – see above):

C-105	SX-104	SX-109
C-106	SX-105	SX-110
SX-101	SX-106	SX-111
SX-102	SX-107	SX-112
SX-103	SX-108	SX-114

SINGLE-SHELL TANKS WITH LOW HEAT LOADS (<26,000Btu/hr)

There are 114 low heat load tanks. Temperatures in tanks connected to TMACS are monitored by TMACS; temperatures in those tanks not yet connected to TMACS are manually taken semiannually in January and July. These temperatures have been within historical ranges for the applicable tank.

No temperatures have been obtained for several years in the 14 tanks listed below. Most of these tanks have no thermocouple trees.

Tank No.				
BY-102	C-104	T-102	TX-110	U-104
BY-104	C-204	T-105	TX-114	
BY-109	SX-115	TX-101	TX-117	

TABLE D-2. ENRAF SURFACE LEVEL GAUGE INSTALLATION AND DATA INPUT METHODS

September 30, 2001

LEGEND:

SACS = Surveillance Analysis Computer System
TMACS = Tank Monitor and Control System
Auto = Automatically entered into TMACS and electronically transmitted to SACS
Manual = Manually entered directly into SACS by surveillance personnel, from Field Data sheets

EAST AREA

Tank No.	Installed Date	Input Method	Tank No.	Installed Date	Input Method
A-101	09/95	Auto	B-201	07/00	Auto
A-102			B-202	07/00	Auto
A-103	07/96	Auto	B-203	06/00	Auto
A-104	06/96	Manual	B-204	06/00	Auto
A-105			BX-101	04/96	Auto
A-106	01/96	Auto	BX-102	06/96	Auto
AN-101	06/96	Auto	BX-103	04/96	Auto
AN-102	06/00	Auto	BX-104	06/96	Auto
AN-103	06/95	Auto	BX-105	03/96	Auto
AN-104	06/95	Auto	BX-106	07/94	Auto
AN-105	06/95	Auto	BX-107	06/96	Auto
AN-106	06/00	Auto	BX-108	06/96	Auto
AN-107	04/00	Auto	BX-109	06/96	Auto
AP-101	06/99	Auto	BX-110	06/96	Auto
AP-102	06/99	Auto	BX-111	06/96	Auto
AP-103	06/99	Auto	BX-112	03/96	Auto
AP-104	07/99	Auto	BY-101		
AP-105	06/99	Auto	BY-102	09/99	Auto
AP-106	06/99	Auto	BY-103	12/96	Auto
AP-107	06/99	Auto	BY-104		
AP-108	06/99	Auto	BY-105		
AW-101	06/95	Auto	BY-106		
AW-102	06/96	Auto	BY-107		
AW-103	05/96	Auto	BY-108		
AW-104	01/96	Auto	BY-109		
AW-105	06/96	Auto	BY-110	02/97	Manual
AW-106	06/96	Auto	BY-111	02/99	Manual
AX-101	09/95	Auto	BY-112		
AX-102	09/98	Auto	C-101		
AX-103	09/95	Auto	C-102		
AX-104	10/98	Auto	C-103	06/94	Auto
AY-101	03/96	Auto	C-104	04/99	Manual
AY-102	01/98	Auto	C-105	05/96	Manual
AZ-101	06/96	Manual	C-106	02/96	Auto
AZ-102	11/00	Manual	C-107	04/96	Auto
B-101	07/00	Auto	C-108		
B-102	02/95	Auto	C-109		
B-103	07/00	Auto	C-110		
B-104	06/00	Auto	C-111		
B-105	06/00	Auto	C-112	03/96	Manual
B-106	07/00	Auto	C-201		
B-107	06/00	Auto	C-202		
B-108	07/00	Auto	C-203		
B-109	06/00	Auto	C-204		
B-110	07/00	Auto			
B-111	07/00	Auto			
B-112	03/95	Auto			
Total East Area: 71					

WEST AREA

Tank No.	Installed Date	Input Method	Tank No.	Installed Date	Input Method
S-101	02/95	Auto	TX-101	11/95	Auto
S-102	05/95	Auto	TX-102	05/96	Auto
S-103	05/94	Auto	TX-103	12/95	Auto
S-104	05/99	Auto	TX-104	03/96	Auto
S-105	07/95	Auto	TX-105	04/96	Auto
S-106	06/94	Auto	TX-106	04/96	Auto
S-107	06/94	Auto	TX-107	04/96	Auto
S-108	07/95	Auto	TX-108	04/96	Auto
S-109	06/95	Auto	TX-109	11/95	Auto
S-110	06/95	Auto	TX-110	05/96	Auto
S-111	06/94	Auto	TX-111	05/96	Auto
S-112	05/95	Auto	TX-112	05/96	Auto
SX-101	04/95	Auto	TX-113	05/96	Auto
SX-102	04/95	Auto	TX-114	05/96	Auto
SX-103	04/95	Auto	TX-115	05/96	Auto
SX-104	05/95	Auto	TX-116	05/96	Auto
SX-105	05/95	Auto	TX-117	06/96	Auto
SX-106	06/94	Auto	TX-118	03/96	Auto
SX-107	09/99	Auto	TY-101	07/95	Auto
SX-108	09/99	Auto	TY-102	09/95	Auto
SX-109	09/98	Auto	TY-103	09/95	Auto
SX-110	09/99	Auto	TY-104	06/95	Auto
SX-111	09/99	Auto	TY-105	12/95	Auto
SX-112	09/99	Auto	TY-106	12/95	Auto
SX-113	09/99	Auto	U-101		
SX-114	09/99	Auto	U-102	01/96	Manual
SX-115	09/99	Manual	U-103	07/94	Auto
SY-101	07/94	Auto	U-104		
SY-102	06/94	Auto	U-105	07/94	Auto
SY-103	07/94	Auto	U-106	06/94	Auto
T-101	05/95	Manual	U-107	06/94	Auto
T-102	06/94	Auto	U-108	05/95	Auto
T-103	07/95	Manual	U-109	07/94	Auto
T-104	12/95	Manual	U-110	01/96	Manual
T-105	07/95	Manual	U-111	01/96	Manual
T-106	07/95	Manual	U-112		
T-107	06/94	Auto	U-201		
T-108	10/95	Manual	U-202		
T-109	09/94	Manual	U-203	09/98	Manual
T-110	05/95	Auto	U-204	06/98	Manual
T-111	07/95	Manual			
T-112	09/95	Manual			
T-201					
T-202					
T-203					
T-204					
Total West Area: 77					

148 ENRAFs installed: 125 automatically entered into TMACS; data from 23 are manually entered into SACS

TABLE D-3. TANK MONITOR AND CONTROL SYSTEM (TMACS)

September 30, 2001

Note: Indicated below are the number of tanks having at least one operating sensor monitored by TMACS.

Some tanks have more than one sensor: multiple sensors of the same type in a tank are not shown in the table (for example: 10 tanks in BY-Farm have at least one operating TC sensor and 3 tanks in BY-Farm have at least one operating RTD sensor).

Acceptance Testing Completed: Sensors Automatically Monitored by TMACS

EAST AREA Tank Farm	Temperatures Thermocouple Tree (TC)	Temperatures Resistance Thermal Device (RTD)	ENRAF Level Gauge	Pressure (b)	Hydrogen (c)	Gas Sample Flow
A-Farm (6 Tanks)	1		3		1	1
AN-Farm (7 Tanks)	7		7	7	3	3
AP-Farm (8 Tanks)			8			
AW-Farm (6 Tanks)	6		6		1	1
AX-Farm (4 Tanks)	3		4		1	
AY-Farm (2 Tanks)			2			
AZ-Farm (2 Tanks)						
B-Farm (16 Tanks)	1		16			
BX-Farm (12 Tanks)	11		12			
BY-Farm (12 Tanks)	10	3	2			
C-Farm (16 Tanks)	15	1	3	1		
TOTAL EAST AREA (91 Tanks)	54	4	63	8	6	5
WEST AREA						
S-Farm (12 Tanks)	12		12	1	3	1 (e)
SX-Farm (15 Tanks)	14		14	1	7	5 (e)
SY-Farm (3 Tanks) (a)	3		3	1	2	2
T-Farm (16 Tanks)	14	1	3 (d)		1	(e)
TX-Farm (18 Tanks)	13		18			
TY-Farm (6 Tanks)	6	3	6			
U-Farm (16 Tanks)	15		6	4	6	6
TOTAL WEST AREA (86 Tanks)	77	4	62	7	19	19
TOTALS (177 Tanks)	131	8	125	15	25	24

(a) Tank SY-101 has 2 gas sample flow sensors plus 2 vent flow sensors, and 2 ENRAFs.
(b) Each tank has two sensors (high and low range).
(c) Each tank has two sensors (high and low range).
(d) T-107 - Auto ENRAF O/S, manual readings taken daily
(e) S, SX, and T-Farms - five gas sample flow sensors have been unhooked or removed.

APPENDIX E

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

TABLE E-1. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

September 30, 2001

1. TANK STATUS CODES

TANK USE (Double-Shell Tanks Only)

CWHT	Concentrated Waste Holding Tank
DRCVR	Dilute Receiver Tank
EVFD	Evaporate Feed Tank
SRCVR	Slurry Receiver Tank

2. DEFINITIONS

WASTE TANKS - General

Waste Tank Safety Issue

A potentially unsafe condition in the handling of waste material in underground storage tanks that requires corrective action to reduce or eliminate the unsafe condition. There are currently no waste tank safety issues.

Characterization

Characterization is understanding the Hanford tank waste chemical, physical, and radiological properties to the extent necessary to ensure safe storage and interim operation, and ultimate disposition of the waste.

WASTE TYPES

Aging Waste (AW)

High level, first cycle solvent extraction waste from the PUREX plant (NCAW).

Concentrated Complexant (CC)

Concentrated product from the evaporation of dilute complexed waste.

Concentrated Phosphate Waste (CP)

Waste originating from the decontamination of the N Reactor in the 100 N Area. Concentration of this waste produces concentrated phosphate waste.

Dilute Complexed Wate (DC)

Characterized by a high content of organic carbon including organic complexants: ethylenediaminetetriacetic acid (EDTA) citric acid, and hydroxyethyl-ethylenediaminetriacetic acid (HEDTA), being the major complexants used. Main sources of DC waste in the DST system are saltwell liquid inventory (from SSTs).

Dilute Non-Complexed Waste (DN)

Low activity liquid waste originating from T and S Plants, the 300 and 400 Areas, PUREX facility (decladding supernatant and miscellaneous wastes), 100 N Area (sulfate waste), B Plant, saltwells, and PFP (supernatant).

Drainable Interstitial Liquid (DIL)

Interstitial liquid that is not held in place by capillary forces and will, therefore, migrate or move by gravity. (See also Section 4 below)

Double-Shell Slurry (DSS)

Waste that exceeds the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. For reporting purposes, DSS is considered a solid.

Double-Shell Slurry Feed (DSSF)

Waste concentrated just before reaching the sodium aluminate saturation boundary in the evaporator without exceeding receiver tank composition limits. This form is not as concentrated as DSS.

Supernatant Liquid

The liquid above the solids or in large liquid pools covered by floating solids in waste storage tanks. (See also Section 4 below)

INTERIM STABILIZATION (Single-Shell Tanks only)

Interim Stabilized (IS)

A tank which contains less than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid and less than 5 Kgallons of supernatant liquid. If the tank was jet pumped to achieve interim stabilization, then the jet pump flow or saltwell screen inflow must also have been at or below 0.05 gpm before interim stabilization criteria are met.

Jet Pump

The jet pump system includes 1) a jet assembly with foot valve mounted to the base of two pipes that extend from the top of the well casing to near the bottom of the well casing inside the saltwell screen, 2) a centrifugal pump to supply power fluid to the down-hole jet assembly, 3) flexible or rigid transfer jumpers, 4) a flush line, and 5) a flowmeter. The jumpers contain piping, valves, and pressure and limit switches.

The centrifugal pump and jet assembly are needed to pump the interstitial liquid from the saltwell screen into the pump pit, nominally a 40-foot elevation rise. The power fluid passes through a nozzle in the jet assembly and acts to convert fluid pressure head to velocity head, thereby reducing the pressure in the jet assembly chamber. The reduction in pressure allows the interstitial liquid to enter the jet assembly chamber and mix with the power fluid. Velocity head is converted to pressure head above the nozzle, lifting power fluid, and interstitial liquid to the pump pit. Pumping rates vary from 0.05 to about 4 gpm.

Saltwell Screen

The saltwell system is a 10-inch diameter saltwell casing consisting of a stainless steel saltwell screen welded to a Schedule 40 carbon steel pipe. The casing and screen are to be inserted into the 12-inch tank riser located in the pump pit. The stainless steel screen portion of the system will extend through the tank waste to near the bottom of the tank. The saltwell screen portion of the casing is an approximately 10-foot length of 300 Series, 10-inch diameter, stainless steel pipe with screen openings (slots) of 0.05 inches.

Emergency Pumping Trailer

A 45-foot tractor-type trailer is equipped to provide storage space and service facilities for emergency pumping equipment: this consists of two dedicated jet pump jumpers and two jet pumps, piping and dip tubes for each, two submersible pumps and attached piping, and a skid-mounted Weight Factor Instrument Enclosure with an air compressor and electronic recording instruments. The skid also contains a power control station for the pumps, pump pit leak detection, and instrumentation. A rack for over 100 feet of overground double-contained piping is also in the trailer.

INTRUSION PREVENTION (ISOLATION) (Single-Shell Tanks only)

Partially Interim Isolated (PI)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required for Interim Isolation except for isolation of risers and piping that is required for jet pumping or for other methods of stabilization.

Interim Isolated (II)

The administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. In June 1993, Interim Isolation was replaced by Intrusion Prevention.

Intrusion Prevention (IP)

Intrusion Prevention is the administrative designation reflecting the completion of the physical effort required to minimize the addition of liquids into an inactive storage tank, process vault, sump, catch tank, or diversion box. Under no circumstances are electrical or instrumentation devices disconnected or disabled during the intrusion prevention process (with the exception of the electrical pump).

Controlled, Clean, and Stable (CCS)

Controlled, Clean, and Stable reflects the completion of several objectives: "Controlled" - provide remote monitoring for required instrumentation and implement controls required in the TWRS Authorization Basis; "Clean" - remove surface soil contamination and downpost the Tank Farms to RBA/URMA/RA radiological control status, remove abandoned equipment, and place reusuable equipment in compliant storage; and "Stable" - remove pumpable liquids from the SSTs and IMUSTs and isolate the tanks.

TANK INTEGRITY

Sound

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate no loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Leaker

The integrity classification of a waste storage tank for which surveillance data indicate a loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

Assumed Re-Leaker

A condition that exists after a tank has been declared as an "assumed leaker" and then the surveillance data indicate a new loss of liquid attributed to a breach of integrity.

TANK INVESTIGATION

Intrusion

A term used to describe the infiltration of liquid into a waste tank.

SURVEILLANCE INSTRUMENTATION

Drywells

Historically, the drywells were monitored with gross logging tools as part of a secondary leak monitoring system. In some cases, neutron-moisture sensors were used to monitor moisture in the soil as a function of well depth, which could be indicative of tank leakage. The routine gross gamma logging data were stored electronically from 1974 through 1994. The routine gross gamma logging program ended in 1994. A program was initiated in 1995 to log each of the available drywells in each tank farm with a spectral gamma logging system. The spectral gamma logging system provides quantitative values for gamma-emitting radionuclides. The baseline spectral gamma logging database is available electronically.

Repeat spectral drywell scans are not part of the established Tank Farm leak detection program, but can be run on request if special needs arise. A select subset of drywells is routinely monitored by the Vadose Zone Characterization Project to assess movement of gamma-emitting radionuclides in the subsurface.

Laterals

Laterals are horizontal drywells positioned under single-shell waste storage tanks to detect radionuclides in the soil which could be indicative of tank leakage. These drywells can be monitored by radiation detection probes. Laterals are 4-inch inside diameter steel pipes located 8 to 10 feet below the tank's concrete base. There are three laterals per tank. Laterals are located only in A and SX farms. There are currently no functioning laterals and no plan to prepare them for use.

Surface Levels

The surface level measurements in all waste storage tanks are monitored by manual or automatic conductivity probes, and recorded and transmitted or entered into the Surveillance Analysis Computer System (SACS).

Automatic FIC

An automatic waste surface level measurement device is manufactured by the Food Instrument Company (FIC). The instrument consists of a conductivity electrode (plummet) connected to a calibrated steel tape, a steel tape reel housing and a controller that automatically raises and lowers the plummet to obtain a waste surface level reading. The controller can provide a digital display of the data and until February 1999, the majority of the FICs transmitted readings to the CASS. Since CASS retirement, all FIC gauges are read manually. FICs are being replaced by ENRAF detectors (see below).

ENRAF 854 ATG Level Detector

FICs and some manual tapes are in the process of being replaced by the ENRAF ATG 854 level detector. The ENRAF gauge, fabricated by ENRAF Incorporated, determines waste level by detecting variations in the weight of a displacer suspended in the tank waste. The displacer is connected to a wire wound onto a precision measuring drum. A change in the waste level causes a change in the weight of the displacer which will be detected by the force transducer. Electronics within the gauge causes the servo motor to adjust the position of the displacer and compute the tank level based on the new position of the displacer drum. The gauge displays the level in decimal inches. The first few ENRAFs that received remote reading capability transmit liquid level data via analog output to the Tank Monitor and Control System (TMACS). The remaining ENRAFs and future installations will transmit digital level data to TMACS via an ENRAF Computer Interface Unit (CIU). The CIU allows fully remote communication with the gauge, minimizing tank farm entry.

Annulus

The annulus is the space between the inner and outer shells on DSTs only. Drain channels in the insulating and/or supporting concrete carry any leakage to the annulus space where conductivity probes are installed. The annulus conductivity probes and radiation detectors are the primary means of leak detection for all DSTs.

Liquid Observation Well (LOW)

In-tank liquid observation wells are used for monitoring the interstitial liquid level (ILL) in single-shell tanks. The wells are usually constructed of fiberglass or TEFZEL-reinforced epoxy-polyester resin (TEFZEL is a trademark of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Company). There are a few LOWs constructed of steel. LOWs are sized to extend to within 1 inch of the bottom of the waste tank, are sealed at their bottom ends, and have a nominal outside diameter of 3.5 inches. Gamma and neutron probes are used to monitor changes in the ILL, and can indicate intrusions or leakage by increases or decreases in the ILL. There are 65 LOWs (64 are in operation) installed in SSTs that contain or are capable of containing greater than 50 Kgallons of drainable interstitial liquid. Two LOWs installed in DSTs SY-102 and AW-103 are used for special, rather than routine, surveillance purposes only.

Thermocouple (TC)

A thermocouple is a thermoelectric device used to measure temperature. More than one thermocouple element on a device (probe) is called a thermocouple tree. In DSTs there may be one or more thermocouple trees in risers in the primary tank. In addition, in DSTs only, there are TC elements

installed in the insulating concrete, the lower primary tank knuckle, the secondary tank concrete foundation, and in the outer structural concrete.

These monitor temperature gradients within the concrete walls, bottom of the tank, and the domes. In SSTs, one or more thermocouples may be installed directly in a tank, although some SSTs do not have any trees installed. A single TC element may be installed in a riser or lowered down an existing riser or LOW. There are also four thermocouple laterals beneath Tank 105-A in which temperature readings are taken in 34 TC elements.

In-tank Photographs and Videos

In-tank photographs and videos may be taken to aid in resolving in-tank measurement anomalies and determine tank integrity. Photographs and videos help determine sludge and liquid levels by visual examination.

ACRONYMS

CCS Controlled, Clean, and Stable (tank farms)

FSAR Final Safety Analysis Report effective October 18, 1999

II Interim Isolated

IP Intrusion Prevention Completed

IS Interim Stabilized

MT/FIC/ENRAF Manual Tape, Food Instrument Corporation, ENRAF Corporation (surface level measurement devices)

OSD Operating Specifications Document

PI Partial Interim Isolated

SAR Safety Analysis Report

SHMS Standard Hydrogen Monitoring System

TMACS Tank Monitor and Control System

TPA Hanford Federal Facility Consent and Compliance Order, "Washington State Department of Ecology, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U. S. Department of Energy," as amended (Tri-Party Agreement)

TSR Technical Safety Requirement

USQ Unreviewed Safety Question

Wyden Amendment "Safety Measures for Waste Tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation," Section 3137 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991, November 5, 1990, Public Law 101-510.

3. INVENTORY AND STATUS BY TANK – COLUMN VOLUME CALCULATIONS AND DEFINITIONS FOR TABLE B-1 (Single-Shell Tanks only)

COLUMN HEADING	COLUMN VOLUME CALCULATIONS (Underlined)/DEFINITIONS
Total Waste	Solids volume plus Supernatant Liquid. Solids include sludge and saltcake (see definitions below).
Supernatant Liquid (1)	May be either measured or estimated. Supernatant is either the estimated or measured liquid floating on the surface of the waste or under a floating solids crust. In-tank photographs or videos are useful in estimating the liquid volumes; liquid floating on solids and core sample data are useful in estimating large liquid pools under a floating crust.
Drainable Interstitial Liquid (DIL) (1)	This is initially calculated. Drainable interstitial liquid is calculated based on the saltcake and sludge volumes, using calculated porosity values from past pumping or actual data for each tank. Interstitial liquid is liquid that fills the interstitial spaces of the solids waste. The sum of the interstitial liquid contained in saltcake and sludge minus an adjustment for capillary height is the initial volume of drainable interstitial liquid.
Pumped This Month	Net total gallons of liquid pumped from the tank during the month. If supernatant is present, pump production is first subtracted from the supernatant volume. The remainder is then subtracted from the drainable interstitial liquid volume.
Total Pumped (1)	Cumulative net total gallons of liquid pumped from 1979 to date.
Drainable Liquid Remaining (DLR) (1)	Supernatant plus Drainable Interstitial Liquid. The total Drainable Liquid Remaining is the sum of drainable interstitial liquid and supernatant.
Pumpable Liquid Remaining (PLR) (1)	Drainable Liquid Remaining minus unpumpable volume. Not all drainable interstitial liquid is pumpable.
Sludge	Solids formed during sodium hydroxide additions to waste. Sludge was usually in the form of suspended solids when the waste was originally received in the tank from the waste generator. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the volume.
Saltcake	Results from crystallization and precipitation after concentration of liquid waste, usually in an evaporator. If saltcake is layered over sludge, it is only possible to measure total solids volume. In-tank photographs or videos may be used to estimate the saltcake volume.
Solids Volume Update	Indicates the latest update of any change in the solids volume.
Solids Update Source - See Footnote	Indicates the source or basis of the latest solids volume update.
Last In-tank Photo	Date of last in-tank photographs taken.
Last In-tank Video	Date of last in-tank video taken.

COLUMN HEADING	COLUMN VOLUME CALCULATIONS (Underlined)/DEFINITIONS
See Footnotes for These Changes	Indicates any change made the previous month. A footnote explanation for the change follows the Inventory and Status by Tank Appendix (Table B-1).

(1) Volumes for supernatant, DIL, DLR, and PLR are not shown in these columns until interim stabilization is completed. Total gallons pumped, total waste, sludge and saltcake volumes are shown and adjusted based on actual pumping volumes.

APPENDIX F

TANK CONFIGURATION AND FACILITIES CHARTS

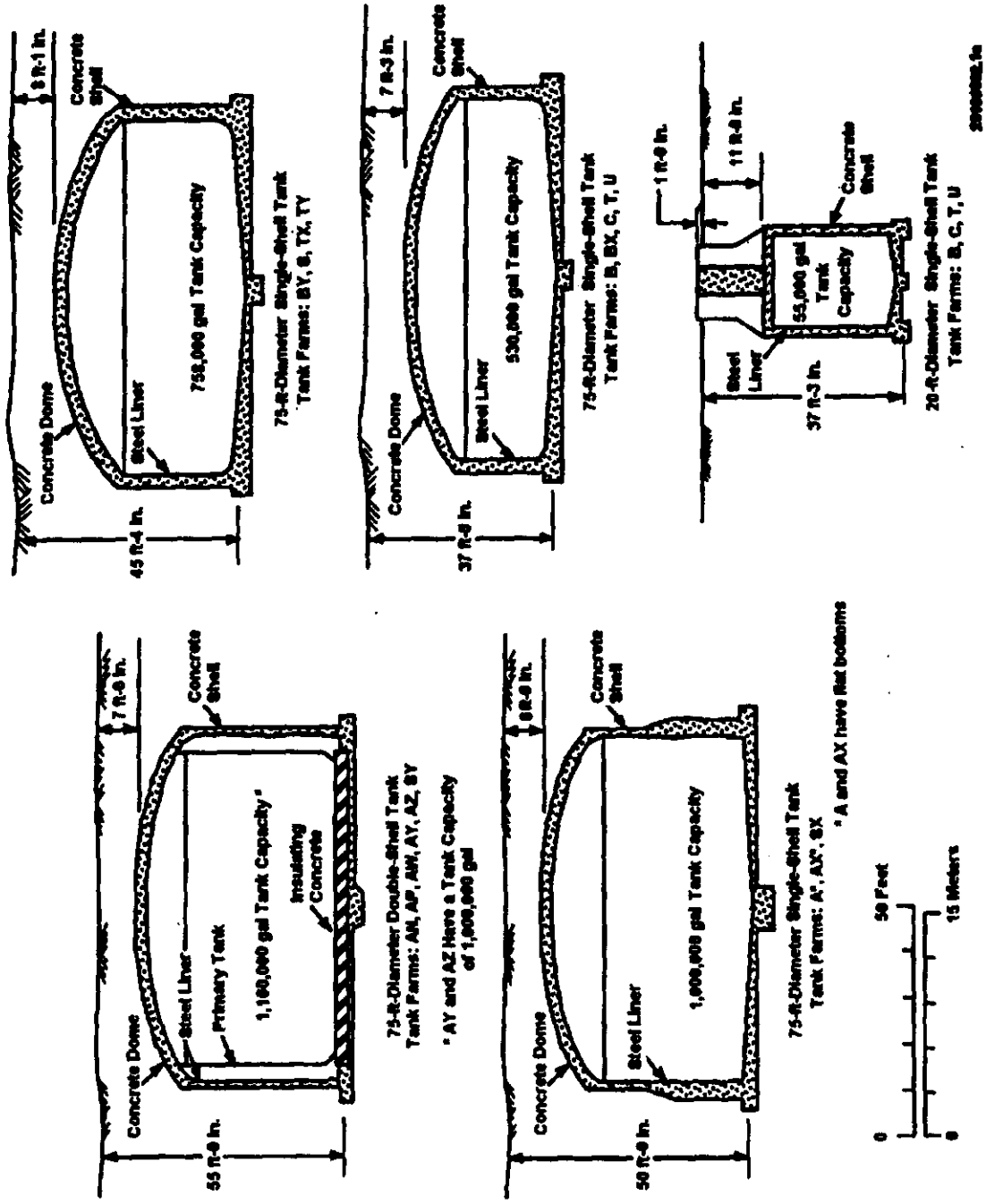

Figure F-1. High-Level Waste Tank Configuration

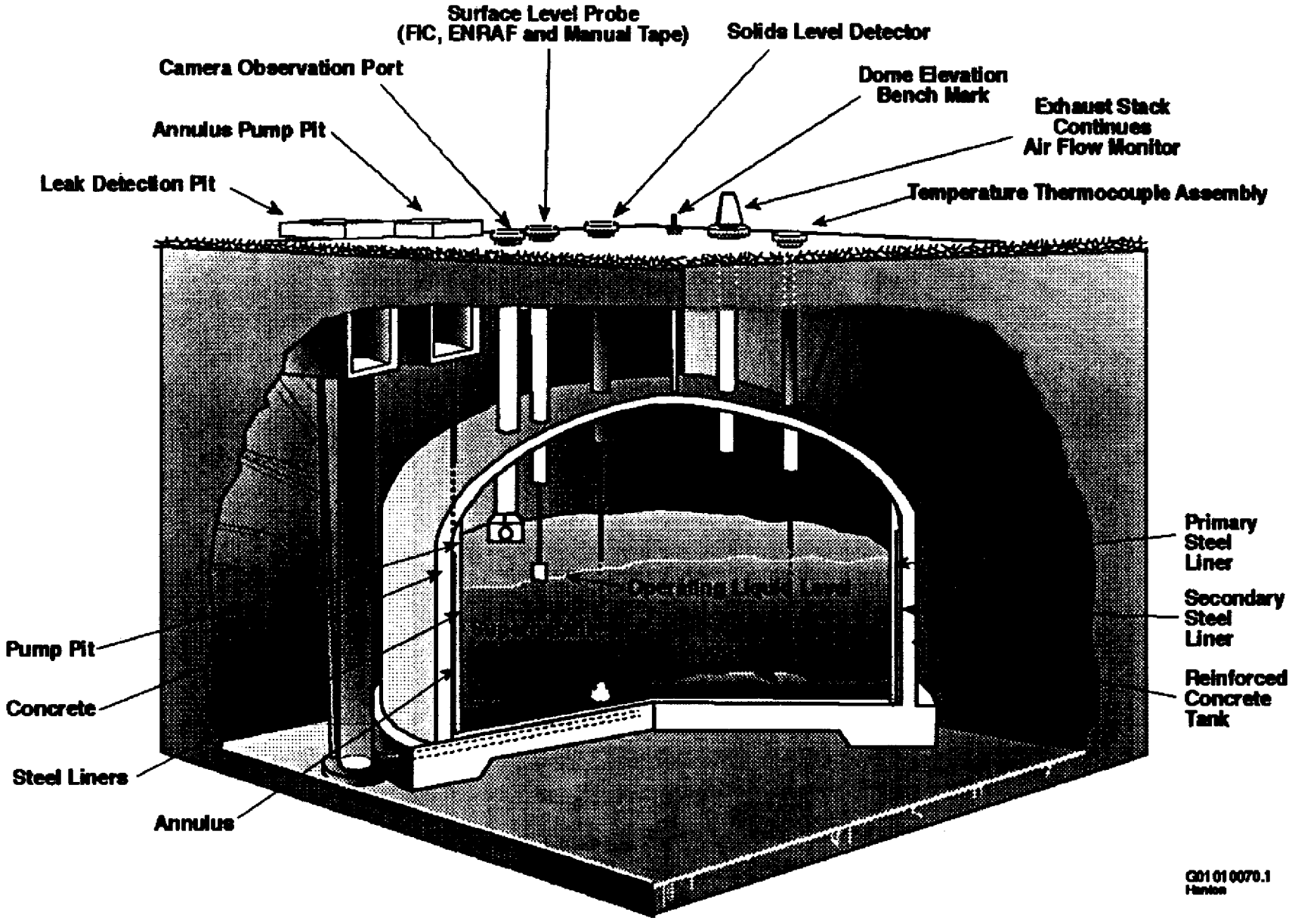

Figure F-2. Double-Shell Tank Instrumentation Configuration

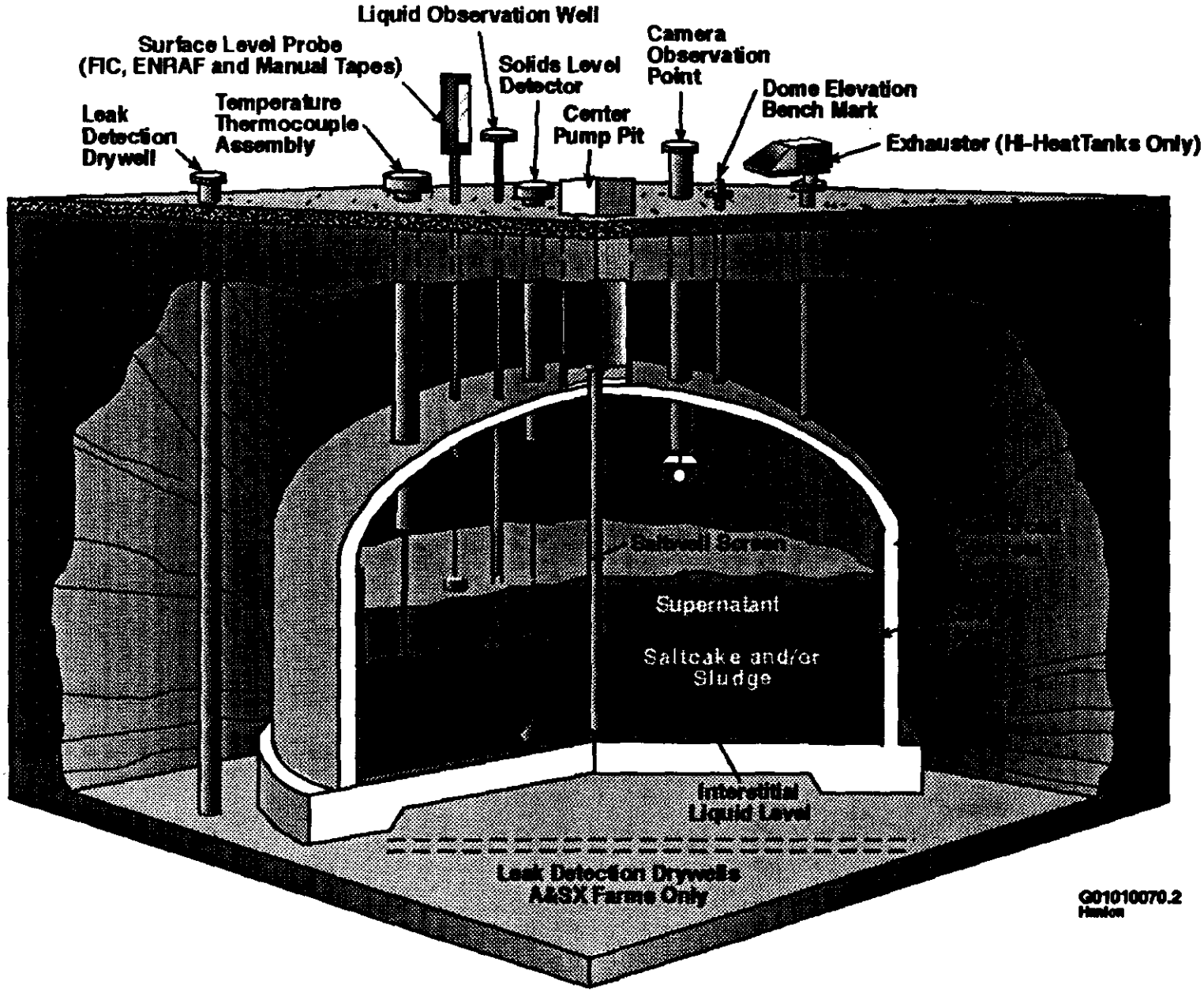

Figure F-3. Single-Shell Tank Instrumentation Configuration

Hanford
Tank Farm Facilities
200 East

Note:
All single-shell tanks were removed from service (not allowed to receive waste) on or before November 21, 1980

Active Lines Only

- Concrete encased or pipe-in-pipe
- Direct Buried Pipe
- Cross-Site Transfer Lines (concrete encased or pipe-in-pipe)

Controlled, Clean and Stable

Single-Shell

Sound Tanks

Double-Shell

Intrusion Prevention Completed

All tanks 75 ft. dia. except 200 series tanks which are 20 ft. dia. @ 55,000 gal

DST = Double-Shell Tank
SST = Single-Shell Tank
DCRT = Double Contained Receiver Tank
ENRAF/FIC/MT = Liquid Level Monitoring Devices
TMACS = Tank Monitor and Control System

Inactive Cross -Site Transfer Lines

Replacement Cross - Site Transfer System (RCSTS) (From 6241-V)

High Heat Load Tanks = East Area C-106

Tank Number

Radiation Monitoring Dry Well – Approx Location
● = Active
○ = Inactive
~~Dry Well Monitoring~~ No Longer Being Routinely Done; By Special Request/Project Only.

Radiation Monitoring Laterals Under Tank (None Currently Used)

Drainable Liquid Remaining (1000 gal) (No Volumes for DSTs or SSTs Being Pumped)

Total Solids (1,000 gal) Salt Cake/Sludge (Inactive Tanks)

Liquid-Level Gauges
▼ = FIC read manually
Y = Tape read manually
▽ = Intrusion Mode FIC

Exhauster (A-104/105/106 inoperative)

Interim Stabilized (Yellow Tank)

■=ENRAF Read Manually
☑=Auto ENRAF on TMACS

Airlift Circulators (AN-107 and AW-102 are inoperative)

Temperature Reading:
● Automatic (TMACS)
○ Manual

Liquid Observation Well (LOW)

Screen – Jet Pump –

Assumed Leaker

Assumed Leaked Date

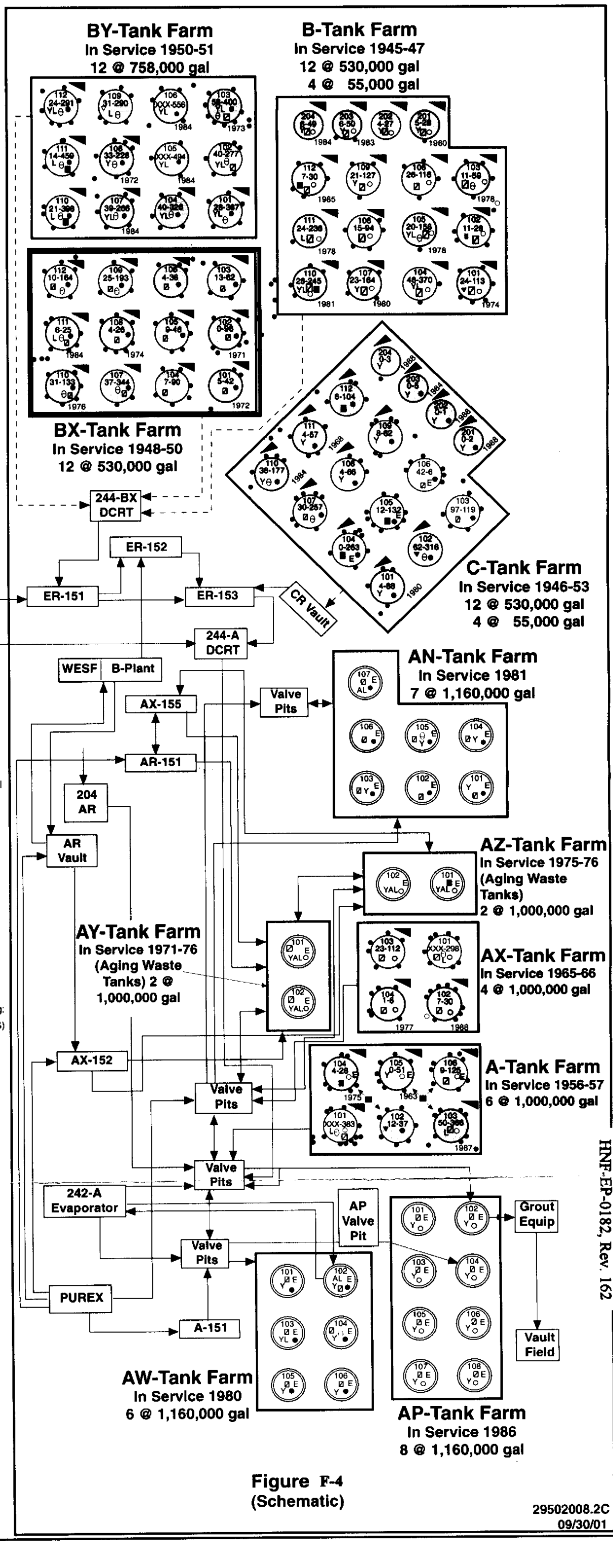

Figure F-4
(Schematic)

Status as of September 30, 2001
Updated Quarterly
Issued by River Protection Project

29502008.2C
09/30/01

Hanford
Tank Farm Facilities
200 West

Note:
All single-shell tanks were removed from service (not allowed to receive waste) on or before November 21, 1980

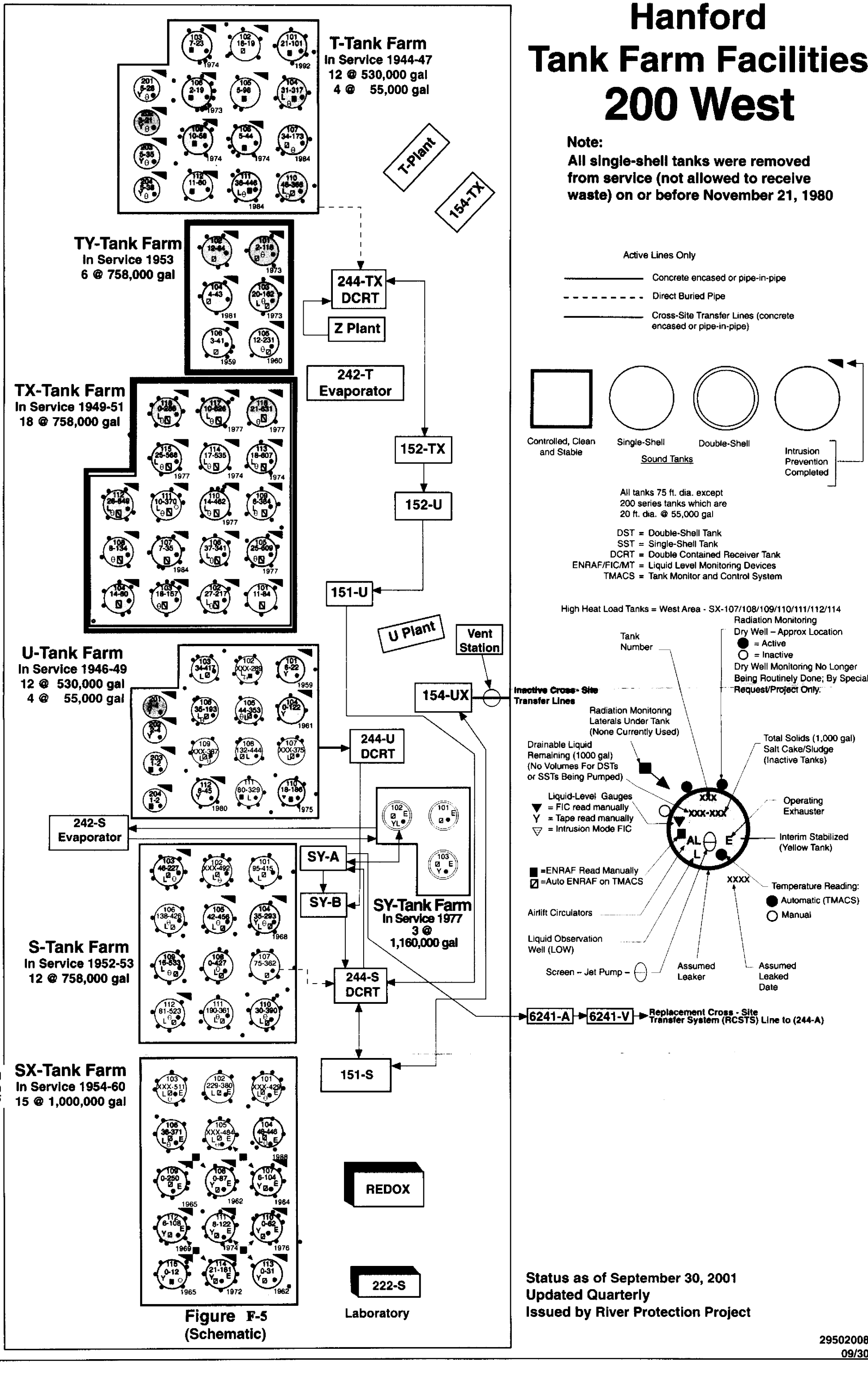

Figure F-5
(Schematic)

Active Lines Only

- Concrete encased or pipe-in-pipe
- Direct Buried Pipe
- Cross-Site Transfer Lines (concrete encased or pipe-in-pipe)

Controlled, Clean and Stable | Single-Shell | Double-Shell | Intrusion Prevention Completed

Sound Tanks

All tanks 75 ft. dia. except
200 series tanks which are
20 ft. dia. @ 55,000 gal

DST = Double-Shell Tank
SST = Single-Shell Tank
DCRT = Double Contained Receiver Tank
ENRAF/FIC/MT = Liquid Level Monitoring Devices
TMACS = Tank Monitor and Control System

High Heat Load Tanks = West Area - SX-107/108/109/110/111/112/114

Status as of September 30, 2001
Updated Quarterly
Issued by River Protection Project

29502008.1C
09/30/01